

**SERELAY LIMITED  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

**Serelay Limited**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2022**

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**Serelay Limited**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As at 31 March 2022**

Registered number: 10672861

	Notes	2022		2021	
		£	£	£	£
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Tangible Assets	3		1,317		4,727
			1,317		4,727
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Debtors	4	25,930		87,789	
Cash at bank and in hand		52,837		1,854	
		78,767		89,643	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	5	-		(19,621 )	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			78,767		70,022
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			80,084		74,749
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year</b>	6		(5,000 )		(5,000 )
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			75,084		69,749
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	7		13		13
Share premium account			581,233		581,233
Profit and Loss Account			(506,162 )		(511,497 )
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			75,084		69,749

**Serelay Limited**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As at 31 March 2022**

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For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr Roy Azoulay

Director

**18 May 2022**

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

**Serelay Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2022**

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**1. Accounting Policies**

**1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

**1.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings	straight line over 4 years
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**1.4. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**2. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 3 (2021: 4)

**Serelay Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2022**

**3. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Fixtures &amp; Fittings</b> <b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
As at 1 April 2021	15,663
Additions	407
As at 31 March 2022	16,070
<b>Depreciation</b>	
As at 1 April 2021	10,936
Provided during the period	3,817
As at 31 March 2022	14,753
<b>Net Book Value</b>	
As at 31 March 2022	1,317
As at 1 April 2021	4,727

**4. Debtors**

	<b>2022</b> <b>£</b>	<b>2021</b> <b>£</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	18,822	-
Prepayments and accrued income	1,500	87,559
Other debtors	223	-
VAT	841	230
Other taxes and social security	4,544	-
	25,930	87,789

**5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2022</b> <b>£</b>	<b>2021</b> <b>£</b>
Other taxes and social security	-	13,903
Other creditors	-	718
Director's loan account	-	5,000
	-	19,621

**6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year**

	<b>2022</b> <b>£</b>	<b>2021</b> <b>£</b>
Other creditors	5,000	5,000
	5,000	5,000

**Serelay Limited**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 March 2022**

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**7. Share Capital**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>

**8. General Information**

Serelay Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 10672861 . The registered office is Kemp House, 160 City Road, London, London, EC1V 2NX.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.