

Company registration number 08101751 (England and Wales)

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

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PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022		2021	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		729,907		851,115
Tangible assets	4		81,347		84,740
			<u>811,254</u>		<u>935,855</u>
Current assets					
Debtors	5	233,771		110,701	
Cash at bank and in hand		209,267		280,329	
		<u>443,038</u>		<u>391,030</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(770,010)</u>		<u>(552,903)</u>	
Net current liabilities			<u>(326,972)</u>		<u>(161,873)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			484,282		773,982
Provisions for liabilities			<u>(20,337)</u>		<u>(16,101)</u>
Net assets			<u>463,945</u>		<u>757,881</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			463,845		757,781
Total equity			<u>463,945</u>		<u>757,881</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Mellor
Director

Company Registration No. 08101751

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Personnel Checks Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is One Cathedral Square, Cathedral Quarter, Blackburn, Lancashire, BB1 1FB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The directors are not aware of any material uncertainties affecting the company and consider that the company will have sufficient resources to continue trading for the foreseeable future. As a result the directors have continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services supplied net of VAT and trade discounts.

Income received in relation to DBS checks is recognised in full when the monies are received. These amounts are non-refundable and relate to personnel checks undertaken on behalf of customers. The company uses an independent body to conduct these and incur the charges upon the commencement of the application process.

The company enters into binding non-refundable agreements with local authorities on licensed taxi drivers whereby the local authority has access to such checks on three occasions without further charge and any further checks are charged for. Turnover and profit is recognised at the point of payment and is non-refundable.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of the trade and assets of businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the acquisition. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment at least annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	33% straight line/25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	15% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies **(Continued)**

1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Total	17	17

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	1,212,083
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 April 2021	360,968
Amortisation charged for the year	121,208
At 31 March 2022	482,176
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	729,907
At 31 March 2021	851,115

PERSONNEL CHECKS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4 Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc	
		£	
Cost			
At 1 April 2021			146,535
Additions			22,280
			<u>168,815</u>
At 31 March 2022			<u>168,815</u>
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 April 2021			61,795
Depreciation charged in the year			25,673
			<u>87,468</u>
At 31 March 2022			<u>87,468</u>
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2022			<u>81,347</u>
At 31 March 2021			<u>84,740</u>
5 Debtors			
Amounts falling due within one year:		2022	2021
		£	£
Trade debtors		192,386	84,146
Amounts owed by group undertakings		3,154	-
Other debtors		38,231	26,555
		<u>233,771</u>	<u>110,701</u>
		<u>233,771</u>	<u>110,701</u>
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2022	2021
		£	£
Trade creditors		376,443	282,033
Taxation and social security		55,954	64,252
Other creditors		337,613	206,618
		<u>770,010</u>	<u>552,903</u>
		<u>770,010</u>	<u>552,903</u>
7 Called up share capital			
	2022	2021	2022
	Number	Number	£
Ordinary share capital			£
Issued and fully paid			£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.