



A PROMISE FOR POWER

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIALS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31ST MARCH, 2023

POWERICA LIMITED

A PROMISE FOR POWER



KAPOOR & PAREKH ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Powerica Limited

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of **POWERICA LIMITED** (herein after referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at **31st March, 2023**, the consolidated statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive loss, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to consolidated financial statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate financial statements of such subsidiary as were audited by the other auditor, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate as at 31st March, 2023, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive loss, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associate in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit report of the other auditor referred to in the "Other Matters" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon ("Other information")

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.





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Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if, we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take necessary actions, as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Management's and Board of Directors Responsibilities for Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including total comprehensive loss, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and the respective Management and the respective Board of Directors of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.





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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls based on our audit.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associate to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditor, such other auditor remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in 'Other Matters' paragraph in this audit report





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We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit report of the other auditor referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statement

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

We have not audited the financial statements and other financial information of one subsidiary, whose financial statements/ financial information reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 101.95 million as at 31st March 2023, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 355.87 million and net cash inflows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to ₹ 77.19 million for the year ended on that date as considered in the consolidated financial statements.

These financial statements and financial information have been audited by other auditor whose report have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary and our report in terms of section 143 (3) of the Act, insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on the audit report of the other auditor.

This subsidiary is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in that country and which have been audited by other auditor under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in that country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of the subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in that country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of this subsidiary located outside India is based on the reports of other auditor and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor.





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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditor on separate financial statements of the subsidiary as were audited by other auditor as noted in the 'Other Matters' we report to the extent applicable that:
 - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditor;
 - c) the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
 - d) in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and the subsidiary companies incorporated in India as on 31st March, 2023 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the respective companies, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B"; and
 - g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:





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In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

- h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements of the subsidiary, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
- i. the consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2023 on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Refer Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. the Group and its associate as made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts, and
 - iii. there is no amount required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies.
 - iv.
 - (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or its subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or its subsidiaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;





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- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Holding Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. As proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies only with effect from 1st April, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.

For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN 104803W



Nilesh Parekh
Partner
M. No. 033528
ICAI UDIN: 23033528BGYJOE8960

Mumbai, 29th August, 2023



KAPOOR & PAREKH ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE - A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in para 1 of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the Members of **POWERICA LIMITED** of even date for the year ended 31st March, 2023)

1. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, following companies incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements, have unfavourable remarks, qualifications or adverse remarks in their reports under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO):

Sr. No.	Name of the Entities	CIN	Subsidiary/ Associate	Clause number of the CARO report which is unfavourable or qualified or adverse
1	Airpower Windfarms Private Limited	U40300MH2016PTC272791	Associate	3 (xvii)
2	Airstream Windfarms Private Limited	U74999MH2019PTC324049	Subsidiary	3 (xvii)
3	Paramount Windfarms Private Limited	U40300MH2015PTC270223	Subsidiary	3 (xvii)
4	Vartaman Wind Energy Private Limited	U40105GJ2013PTC077368	Subsidiary	3 (xvii)

For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN 104803W


Nilesh Parekh
Partner
M. No. 033528
ICAI UDIN: 23033528BGYJOE8960



Mumbai, 29th August, 2023



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ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in para 2 (f) of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the Members of **POWERICA LIMITED** of even date on the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023.)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31st March, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, and such companies incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 2013 which are its subsidiary company, as of that date.

In our opinion, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary company, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2023, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ("the Guidance Note).

Management's and Board of Directors Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on the criteria established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, both issued by the ICAI. Those standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance





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about whether internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors of the subsidiary companies in terms of their reports referred to in the Other matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.





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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN 104803W



Nilesh Parekh
Partner
M. No. 033528
ICAI UDIN: 23033528BGYJOE8960

Mumbai, 29th August, 2023

POWERICA LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2023

	Note No.	₹ in Million	
		As at	
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets:			
Property, Plant and Equipment	7	10,800.97	8,540.72
Capital Work-in-Progress	7	44.02	3,203.83
Goodwill on Consolidation		48.34	48.34
Intangible Assets	7	64.68	38.18
Financial Assets:			
Investments	8	695.28	490.16
Trade Receivable	9	163.82	-
Loans	10	3.26	4.05
Other Financial Assets	11	25.40	93.41
Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)		-	84.25
Other Non-Current Assets	12	36.98	19.94
		11,882.75	12,522.88
Current Assets:			
Inventories	13	2,033.84	1,515.03
Financial Assets:			
Investments	14	3,247.24	1,929.42
Trade Receivables	15	2,622.78	2,565.10
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16	233.30	297.00
Other Bank Balances	17	73.57	118.13
Loans	18	5.03	886.36
Other Financial Assets	19	72.14	167.30
Other Current Assets	20	1,086.86	1,490.82
		9,374.76	8,969.16
Total Assets		21,257.51	21,492.04
Equity and Liabilities:			
Equity:			
Equity Share Capital	21	167.03	167.03
Other Equity	22	7,791.02	6,740.52
Total Equity		7,958.05	6,907.55
Liabilities:			
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Financial Liabilities:			
Borrowings	23	555.96	2,588.70
Other Financial Liabilities	24	112.58	109.24
Other Non-Current Liabilities	25	184.16	178.17
Provisions	26	39.42	35.38
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		1,143.12	684.53
		2,035.24	3,596.02
Current Liabilities:			
Financial Liabilities:			
Borrowings	27	2,232.77	1,274.55
Trade Payables	28		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		70.22	171.30
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,284.46	2,521.29
Other Financial Liabilities	29	4,940.61	4,879.24
Other Current Liabilities	30	1,702.52	2,135.94
Provisions	31	12.97	6.15
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		20.67	-
		11,264.22	10,988.47
Total Equity & Liabilities		21,257.51	21,492.04

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Kapoor & Parekh Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104803W

Nilesh Parekh

Partner

Membership No. 033528



For and on Behalf of the Board

Naresh C. Oberoi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00009000

Manish Agarwal
Chief Financial Officer
A123764

Bharat Oberoi
Jt. Managing Director
DIN: 00083664

Anita Renuse
Company Secretary
ACS 25102

Mumbai, 29th August, 2023

POWERICA LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	Note No.	₹ in Million	
		Year Ended	Year Ended
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Income			
Revenue from Operations	32	23,782.59	14,875.79
Other Income	33	442.02	364.61
		24,224.61	15,240.40
Expenses:			
Cost of Raw Materials Consumed		12,673.39	9,606.12
Purchase of Stock-In-Trade		3,078.64	757.85
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in-Progress and Stock-in-Trade	34	(69.14)	(41.14)
Employee Benefit Expense	35	948.40	785.91
Finance Cost	36	556.58	468.20
Depreciation & Amortization Expense	37	1,355.06	1,167.68
Other Expenses	38	3,678.25	1,908.35
		22,221.18	14,652.97
Profit Before Share of Profit (Loss) of Associate		2,003.43	587.43
Share of Profit (Loss) of Associate		(141.92)	(3.24)
Profit (Loss) Before Tax		1,861.51	584.19
Tax Expense			
Current Tax	52	332.14	133.07
Deferred Tax Charge (Credit)	52	573.19	181.49
MAT Credit Entitlement		(325.36)	(118.03)
MAT Credit Entitlement of Earlier Years		218.60	190.16
Profit (Loss) for the Period, attributable to the owners of the Company		1,062.95	197.50
Other Comprehensive Income			
Other Comprehensive Income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:			
The effective portion of gain & losses on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge		(3.34)	9.87
Income Tax Effect on above		1.17	(3.45)
Net other Comprehensive Income be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years		(2.18)	6.42
Other Comprehensive Income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:			
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefits plans		(9.18)	5.16
Income Tax Effect on above		3.21	(1.80)
Net other Comprehensive Income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years		(5.97)	3.36
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax		(8.15)	9.78
Total Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax, attributable to the owners of the Company		1,054.80	207.28
There are no Exceptional Items and Discontinuing Operations			
Earning per share of Face Value of ₹ 5/- each			
Basic & Diluted (₹)	41	31.57	6.20

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date
For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 384803W

For and on Behalf of the Board

Nilesh Parekh
Partner
Membership No. 053528



Naresh C. Oberoi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00009000

(Signature)

Bharat Oberoi
Jt. Managing Director
DIN: 00083664

Manish Agarwal
Chief Financial Officer
A123764



Anita Renuse
Company Secretary
ACS 25102

(Signature)

Mumbai, 29th August, 2023

POWERICA LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	31.03.2023 ₹ in Million	31.03.2022 ₹ in Million
A Cash flows from Operating Activities		
Net Profit Before Tax	1,861.51	584.19
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	1,355.06	1,167.68
Net (Gain) Loss on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipments	(128.50)	(50.64)
Dividend from Current Investments	(0.08)	(0.00)
Sundry Balances Written Off (Back)	34.06	22.69
Provision for Doubtful Debts	(15.80)	35.24
Provision for Doubtful Advances	-	15.60
Net (Gain) Loss on Financial Assets measured at FVTPL	(73.54)	(119.63)
Unrealised Foreign Variation Loss (Net)	(15.35)	(6.07)
Work In Progress Written Off	-	2.29
Interest Expense	556.58	468.20
Interest Income	(125.72)	(140.83)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	3,448.22	1,978.72
Adjustments for:		
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Receivable	(54.91)	(1,272.57)
Decrease (Increase) in Non-Current Trade Receivable	(163.82)	-
Decrease (Increase) in Other Non-Current Financial Assets	62.57	1.18
Decrease (Increase) in Other Non-Current Assets	(2.41)	1.44
Decrease (Increase) in Other Current Financial Assets	26.40	25.82
Decrease (Increase) in Other Current Assets	403.97	(401.88)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	(518.81)	(618.32)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	-	(3.06)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Non-Current Liabilities	6.00	(11.48)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	160.74	59.40
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(433.41)	780.56
Increase (Decrease) in Current Provisions	(2.37)	(4.99)
Increase (Decrease) in Non-Current Provisions	4.04	(3.33)
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Payables	(329.18)	1,513.81
Cash Generated from Operations	2,607.03	2,045.30
Interest Received	191.04	131.21
Direct Taxes (Paid) Refund (Net)	(227.22)	(39.01)
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)	2,570.85	2,137.50



POWERICA LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	31.03.2023 ₹ in Million	31.03.2022 ₹ in Million
B Cash flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(586.39)	(803.96)
Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	152.49	192.84
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired	3.36	73.89
Purchase of Intangibles	(31.08)	(5.77)
Loans Given to Associate	179.86	68.49
Inter Corporate Deposits	700.00	-
(Purchase) Sale of Current Investments	(1,239.64)	(241.57)
(Purchase) Sale of Non - Current Investments	(209.76)	9.47
Decrease (Increase) in Bank Balances other than Cash & Cash Equivalents	44.57	(89.44)
Dividend from Current Non-Trade Term Investments	0.08	0.00
Net Cash from Investing Activities (B)	(986.51)	(796.05)
C Cash flows from Financing Activities		
Repayment of Borrowings	(2,469.62)	(942.51)
Proceeds from Borrowings	1,395.10	112.72
Dividend & Tax on Dividend	-	(96.78)
Interest Paid	(573.51)	(426.16)
Net Cash from Financing Activities (C)	(1,648.03)	(1,352.73)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	(63.70)	(11.28)
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	297.00	295.35
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note1.1)	-	12.92
	297.00	308.27
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the end of the year	233.30	297.00

Note: 1) The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

2) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financial activities:

Particulars	As on 01.04.2022	Cash Flows	Non- Cash Changes			As on 31.03.2023
			Interest Expense	Foreign Exchange Movement	Fair Value Changes	
Non-Current Financial Liabilities Borrowings (Including Current Maturities of Long Term Debt)	3,863.24	(1,074.52)	-	-	-	2,788.73
Interest Accrual (Paid)	151.57	(573.51)	-	-	-	134.65
Total Liabilities from Financial Activities	4,014.82	(1,648.03)	-	-	-	2,923.37

Particulars	As on 01.04.2021	Cash Flows	Non- Cash Changes			As on 31.03.2022
			Interest Expense	Foreign Exchange Movement	Fair Value Changes	
Non-Current Financial Liabilities Borrowings (Including Current Maturities of Long Term Debt) (opening balance includes ₹ 704.90 million transferred on common control transaction)	4,693.04	(829.79)	-	-	-	3,863.24
Interim Dividend Paid	-	(96.78)	-	-	-	-
Interest Accrual (Paid)	99.55	(426.16)	-	-	-	151.57
Total Liabilities from Financial Activities	174.26	(1,352.73)	-	-	-	4,014.82

The accompanying notes are integral part of these consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date
For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104803W

Nilesh Parekh
Partner
Membership No. 033528



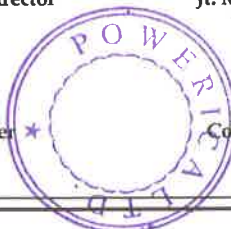
For and on behalf of the Board

Naresh C. Oberoi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00009000

Bharat Oberoi
Jt. Managing Director
DIN: 00083664

Manish Agarwal
Chief Financial Officer
A123764

Anita Renuse
Company Secretary
ACS 25102



Mumbai, 29th August, 2023

POWERICA LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

₹ in Million

Current Year

Particulars	Balance as at 01.04.2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to Prior Period Items	Restated Balance as at 01.04.2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance as at 31.03.2023
Authorised	350.10	-	350.10	-	350.10
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up	167.03	-	167.03	-	167.03

Previous Year

Particulars	Balance as at 01.04.2021	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to Prior Period Items	Restated Balance as at 01.04.2021	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance as at 31.03.2022
Authorised	250.00	-	250.00	100.10	350.10
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up	172.45	-	172.45	(5.42)	167.03

B. OTHER EQUITY

₹ in Million

Current Year

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus						Other Items of other Comprehensive income			Total Equity
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account	Retained Earnings	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Remeasurement of the net defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 01.04.2022	1.63	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	7,450.75	6.42	-	4.34	6,740.52
Changes in accounting policy/ prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at 01.04.2022	1.63	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	7,450.75	6.42	-	4.34	6,740.52
Profit for the Year	-	-	-	-	-	1,062.95	-	-	-	1,062.95
Movement in Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.18)	2.12	(5.97)	(6.03)
Total Comprehensive Income	1.63	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	8,513.70	4.24	2.12	(1.63)	7,797.44
Hedging Gain (Loss) transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6.42)	-	-	(6.42)
As at 31.03.2023	1.63	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	8,513.70	(2.18)	2.12	(1.63)	7,791.02

Previous Year

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus						Other Items of other Comprehensive income			Total Equity
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Capital Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account	Retained Earnings	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Remeasurement of the net defined benefit plans	
Balance as at 01.04.2021	1.39	-	18.01	-	-	7,270.03	(3.24)	-	0.98	7,287.17
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	0.47	19.43	-	28.50	(788.57)	80.00	-	-	-	-660.17
Changes in accounting policy/ prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at 01.04.2021	1.86	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	7,350.03	(3.24)	-	0.98	6,627.00
Profit for the Year	-	-	-	-	-	197.50	-	-	-	197.50
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.42	-	3.36	9.79
Total Comprehensive Income	1.86	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	7,547.53	3.18	-	4.34	6,834.29
Acquisition of Subsidiary	(0.23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.23)
Hedging Gain (Loss) transferred to Statement	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.24	-	-	3.24
Interim Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-96.78	-	-	-	(96.78)
As at 31.03.2022	1.63	19.43	18.01	28.50	(788.57)	7,450.75	6.42	-	4.34	6,740.52

Refer note 21B for nature and purpose of reserves.

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date
For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104883W

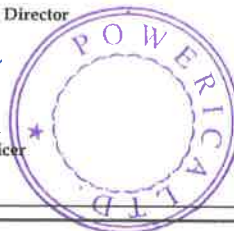
Nilesh Parekh
Partner
Membership No. 033528



For and on Behalf of the Board

Naresh C. Oberoi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00009000

Manish Agarwal
Chief Financial Officer
A123764



Bifarat Oberoi
Jt. Managing Director
DIN: 00083664

A.P. Reuse
Anita Reuse
Company Secretary
ACS 25102

Mumbai, 29th August, 2023

POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

1. Corporate Information

Powerica Limited is a closely held public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The registered office of the company is located at 9th Floor, Bakhtawar, Nariman Point, Mumbai. The Consolidated Financial Statements ("CFS") comprises the Company and its subsidiaries and its associate (referred to collectively as the "Group")

The Group is engaged in business of manufacturing, trading and other services related to diesel generating sets and generation of electricity from Wind Turbine Generators.

The Consolidated Financial Statements for Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023 are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 29th August, 2023.

1.1 Composite Scheme of Arrangement (Merger):

a) The Board of Directors of the Company ("Powerica") and the Board of Directors of the transferor companies i.e. Energair Windfarms Private Limited ("EWPL") and Primeair Windfarms Limited ("PWL") and Sovereign Windfarms Private Limited ("SWPL") and Vespower Windfarm Private Limited ("VWPL") and Windeon Windfarms Private Limited ("WWPL") and Powerica Sales and Services Private Limited ("PSSPL") and Empower Gensets Private Limited ("Empower") and Everest Industrial Gases Private Limited ("EIGPL") in their respective meetings held on 19th July, 2021 has approved, subject to the required approvals, the Composite Scheme of merger of the transferor companies with the Company. The above scheme has received the approval of NCLT on 28th April, 2023 and was thereafter filed with the Registrar of Companies on 24th May, 2023.

The Company has given effect to the Scheme in the year ended 31st March, 2023 and since the above transaction results in a common control business combination the aforesaid mergers have been accounted under the 'pooling of interests' method as per Appendix C of Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations.

Considering the requirements of Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations, the accounting for the transaction has been given effect retrospectively by the Company. Accordingly, the financial statements/information for the corresponding year ended 31st March, 2022 have been restated to give effect of the above Scheme.

b) Salient features of the scheme are as follows:

Amalgamation "EWPL", "PWL", "SWPL", "VWPL", "WWPL", "PSSPL", "Empower", "EIGPL" in "Powerica"

- i) "EWPL", "PWL", "SWPL", "VWPL", "WWPL" are wholly owned subsidiaries of Transferee Company, Accordingly upon the scheme becoming effective, no consideration shall be payable by the Transferee Company and the shares of the respective wholly owned subsidiaries held by the Transferee Company will stand cancelled with effect from the Appointed Date of the merger i.e. opening business hours of 1st April, 2021.
- ii) Pursuant to the Scheme, "Powerica" shall allot 99,09,884 0.001% Non-convertible Non-Cumulative, Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten Only) each fully paid of the Company to the equity shareholders of the "PSSPL" holding 3,64,334 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each therein, as on the Record Date in the Share Exchange Ratio of 272:10. Pending allotment of such preference shares the same are presented under "Merger Consideration Payable" under Non-Current Financial Liabilities for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and 31st March, 2023. The Appointed Date of the merger is opening business hours of 1st April, 2021.



POWERICA LIMITED

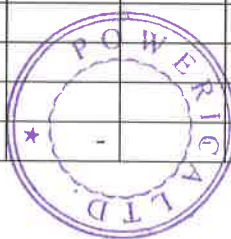
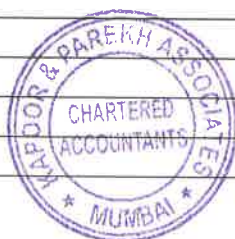
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

- iii) Pursuant to the Scheme, "Powerica" shall allot 13,000 0.001% Non-convertible Non-Cumulative, Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten Only) each fully paid of the Company to the equity shareholders of the "Empower" (other than shares held by "Powerica" and other transferee companies in "Empower") holding 13,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each therein, as on the Record Date in the Share Exchange Ratio of 1:1. Pending allotment of such preference shares the same are presented under "Merger Consideration Payable" under Non-Current Financial Liabilities for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and 31st March, 2023. The Appointed Date of the merger is opening business hours of 2nd April, 2021.
- iv) Pursuant to the Scheme, "Powerica" shall allot 4,950 0.001% Non-convertible Non-Cumulative, Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten Only) each fully paid of the Company to the equity shareholders of the "EIGPL" (other than shares held by Powerica and other transferee companies in "EIGPL") holding 1,000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each therein, as on the Record Date in the Share Exchange Ratio of 495:100. Pending allotment of such preference shares the same are presented under "Merger Consideration Payable" under Non-Current Financial Liabilities for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and 31st March, 2023. The Appointed Date of the merger is opening business hours of 1st August, 2021.

In accordance with the Scheme, the Company has acquired the business of following subsidiary companies in accordance with the respective effective dates at book values as stated in the table below:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	PWL	SWPL	EWPL	WWPL	VWPL	EIGPL
Non-Current Assets:						
Property, Plant and Equipments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Work In Progress	-	3.02	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets:						
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	0.03	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Current tax Assets (net)	0.31	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred Tax Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Non-Current Assets	-	-	-	-	-	1.55
Sub-total	0.34	3.02	-	-	-	1.55
Current Assets						
Inventories	1.20	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets						
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	4.32
Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan	0.06	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalent	0.78	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.03	16.56
Other Bank Balances	-	-	-	1.60	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	138.23
Other Current Assets	15.71	-	-	0.03	-	-
Sub-total	17.75	0.03	0.02	1.69	0.03	159.11
Total Assets (A)	18.09	3.05	0.02	1.69	0.03	160.66
Non-Current Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities:						
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-



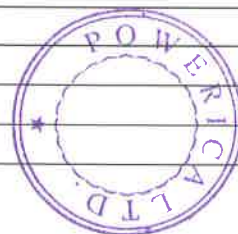
POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

Provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities:						
Borrowings	-	0.57	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	0.09	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.02	-
Other Financial liabilities	0.09	0.03	-	-	-	-
Other Current liabilities	0.12	0.01	-	-	0.01	-
Provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	0.30	0.72	0.01	0.03	0.03	-
Total Liabilities (B)	0.30	2.33	0.01	0.03	0.03	-
Other Equity (C)	(4.21)	(2.27)	(0.18)	(0.84)	(2.00)	128.46
Net Assets Taken Over (D=A-B-C)	22.00	4.60	0.19	2.50	2.00	32.20
Purchase Consideration	-	-	-	-	-	0.05

In accordance with the Scheme, the Company has acquired the business of transferor companies other than subsidiaries in accordance with the respective effective dates at book values as stated in the table below:

Particulars	(₹ in million)	
	PSSPL	Empower
Non-Current Assets:		
Property, Plant and Equipments	0.63	2.18
Intangible Assets	-	0.21
Capital Work In Progress	-	-
Financial Assets:		
Investments	869.08	-
Other Financial Assets	0.05	0.13
Non-Current tax Assets (net)	0.62	0.96
Deferred Tax Assets	3.90	1.76
Other Non-Current Assets	-	-
Sub-total	874.28	5.24
Current Assets		
Inventories	-	19.80
Financial Assets		
Investments	23.39	0.01
Trade Receivables	-	28.82
Loan	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalent	10.67	2.25
Other Bank Balances	-	2.04
Loans	-	0.26
Other Financial Assets	-	0.03
Other Current Assets	0.29	11.00
Sub-total	34.35	64.21
Total Assets (A)	908.63	69.45
Non-Current Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities:		



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

Borrowings	698.50	-
Provisions	-	1.00
Sub-total	698.50	1.00
Current Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities:		
Borrowings	-	6.40
Trade Payables	-	55.80
Other Financial liabilities	10.05	0.40
Other Current liabilities	0.82	23.10
Provisions	-	0.08
Sub-total	10.87	85.78
Total Liabilities (B)	709.37	86.78
Other Equity (C)	195.62	(67.22)
Net Assets (D=A-B-C)	3.64	49.89
Less: Cancellation of Share Capital of Transferor Companies held by Powerica	-	49.76
Net Assets after cancellation of Share Capital of Transferor Companies	3.64	-
Purchase Consideration	99.10	0.13
Excess of Consideration over net assets acquired	(95.46)	-
Less: Eliminations		
Cancellation of Share Capital of "Powerica" held by "PSSPL" (Cost)	(698.52)	-
Total excess amount Paid	(793.98)	-
Adjusted as under:		
Share Capital	5.41	-
Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account	(788.57)	-

The difference between the net identifiable assets acquired and consideration paid on merger has been accounted for as "Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account".

Pursuant to scheme, on merger the Authorized Share Capital has increased from ₹ 250.00 million to ₹ 450.10 million.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

2. Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016.

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and going concern basis and under the historical cost basis unless otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees ('INR or 'Rupees' or 'Rs.' or '₹') which is the functional currency for the Group.

All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest million. Amount less than ₹ 5,000/- are shown as actual.

3. Current versus non-current classification

The assets and liabilities in the balance sheet are presented based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle, or
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle, or
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are treated as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities, as applicable are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

4. Significant Accounting Policies

4.1 Principles of Consolidation:

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) that are controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company is exposed to, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and has the ability to affect those returns through power over the entity. In assessing control, potential voting rights are considered only if the rights are substantive. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in these consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been consolidated using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances as mentioned in those policies.

Upon loss of control, the Group derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. If the Company retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee depending on the level of influence retained.

Associates

Associates are those entities over which the Company has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the entities but is not control or joint control of those policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Company holds more than 20% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method (equity accounted investees) and are initially recognized at cost. The carrying value of the Company's investment includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses. The Company does not consolidate entities where the non-controlling interest ("NCI") holders have certain significant participating rights that provide for effective involvement in significant decisions in the ordinary course of business of such entities. Investments in such entities are accounted by the equity method of accounting. When the Company's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of that interest (including any long-term investments) is reduced to zero and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Company has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

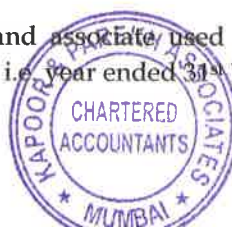
Basis of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statement of the Holding Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries and associate as disclosed in Note 39.

The financial statements of the Holding Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries have been consolidated on a line by line basis by adding together the book values of like, items of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and unrealised profits resulting there from and are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Groups' independent financial statements. The Statement of Profit and Loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to equity shareholders of the Holding Company of the Group.

Investment in Associate has been accounted under the equity method as per Ind AS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. The Company accounts for its share of post-acquisition changes in net assets of associate, after eliminating unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and its associate to the extent of its share, through its Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent such change is attributable to the associates' Statement of Profit and Loss and through its reserves for the balance based on available information.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries and associate used in consolidation are drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the Holding Company i.e. year ended 31st March, 2023.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

4.2 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Recognition and measurement:

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labour, and other cost directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Capital work-in-progress in respect of assets which are not ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising of direct costs, related incidental expenses and attributable interest. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as Other Non-Current Assets.

All identifiable Revenue expenses including interest incurred in respect of various projects/ expansion, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group.

(c) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 using the diminishing balance method, and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Freehold land is not depreciated. Premium on leasehold land has been amortised over the period of lease.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the date on which the asset is ready for use (disposed of).

4.3 Intangible Assets

(a) Recognition and measurement

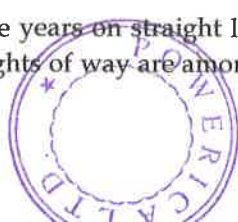
Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Group and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are stated at cost or acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss, if any.

Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

(b) Amortisation

Software is amortised over a period of three years on straight line basis from the date they are available for intended use, subject to impairment test. Rights of way are amortised over the period of agreement of right to use.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

(c) De-recognition

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the assets is de-recognised.

4.4 Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets:

Classification:

Group classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss, on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement:

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- Financial assets at fair value (FVTPL / FVTOCI)
- Financial assets at amortised cost

When assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)).

Financial Assets measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment, if any):

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost when asset is held within a business model, whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less impairment, if any. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL"): Financial assets under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value with all changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI"):

Financial assets under this category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value, when asset is held within a business model, whose objective is to hold assets for both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

Investment in Equity Instruments:

Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTOCI. Fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the other comprehensive income. There is no recycling of the amounts from other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

Investment in Debt Instruments:

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition of Financial Assets:

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Impairment of Financial Assets:

In accordance with Ind - AS 109, Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets that are debt instruments and trade receivables.

Financial Liabilities:

Classification:

Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost or FVTPL.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition of Financial Liabilities:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

Derivative Financial Instrument:

Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to mitigate its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Hedge Accounting

The Group uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to highly probable forecast transactions. The Group designates such forward contracts in a cash flow hedging relationships by applying the hedge accounting principles. These forward contracts are stated at fair value at each reporting date. Changes in fair value of these forward contracts that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognized directly in (OCI) and accumulated in 'Cash Flow Hedge Reserve Account' under Other Equity, net of applicable deferred income taxes and the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit & Loss. Amounts accumulated in the 'Cash Flow Hedge Reserve Account' are reclassified to the Statement of Profit & Loss in the same period during which the forecasted transaction affects Statement of Profit & Loss. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is terminated, or exercised or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. For forecasted transactions, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognised in 'Cash Flow Hedge Reserve Account' is retained until the forecasted transaction occurs. If the forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in 'Cash Flow Hedge Reserve Account' is immediately transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.5. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets:

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of accumulated amortisation or depreciation) has no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

4.6 Inventories:

In case of Holding Company:

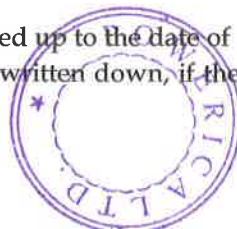
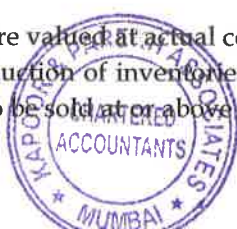
Raw materials are valued at cost or estimated net realisable value. Cost for this purpose includes basic cost of materials and all identifiable direct cost and includes taxes and duties and is net of eligible credits under CENVAT/VAT/GST schemes.

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost or estimated realisable value. Cost for this purpose comprises of Raw Material cost and proportionate overheads allocated on the assumption of normal operating capacity.

Traded goods are valued at lower of cost or estimated realisable value.

Work-in-progress are valued at estimated cost.

Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred up to the date of balance sheet. Materials and other items held for use in production of inventories are not written down, if the finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

In case of Subsidiaries:

Work-in-Progress includes internal development cost, external development cost, construction costs, overheads, borrowing costs, development/construction materials and are valued at cost/estimated cost.

4.7. Cash and Cash Equivalent:

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise of cash on hand and cash at bank including fixed deposit/highly liquid investments with original maturity period of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

4.8. Cash Flow Statements:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flow from operating, investing and financing activities of Group are segregated.

4.9. Foreign Currency Transactions:

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Date of transaction for determining the exchange rate for translation would be earlier of:

- The date of initial recognition of the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration, and
- The date that the related item is recognised in the financial statements.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year-end are re-measured at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost.

Any income or expense on account of exchange difference either on settlement or on restatement is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except for:

Exchange differences on translation or settlement of long term foreign currency monetary items in respect of loans borrowed before 1st April 2016 at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded or reported in the previous financial statements, insofar as it relates to acquisition of depreciable assets, are adjusted to the cost of the assets and depreciated over remaining useful life of such assets.

4.10. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from contracts with customers for sale of goods and provision of services. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods and services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services.

The Company satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- a) The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternate use to the Company and the Company has as an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.
- b) The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- c) The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognized at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duty



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

The Group assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. Taxes collected on behalf of the government are excluded from revenue. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

Variable consideration includes volume discounts, price concessions, liquidity damages, incentives, etc. The Company estimates the variable consideration with respect to above based on an analysis of accumulated historical experience. The Company adjust estimate of revenue at the earlier of when the most likely amount of consideration we expect to receive changes or when the consideration becomes fixed.

Sale of Products:

Performance obligation in case of Revenue from sale of goods is satisfied at a point in time and is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied and control as per Ind AS 115 is transferred to the customer. The Group collects GST on behalf of the Government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Group. Hence, they are excluded from revenue. Revenue is disclosed net of discounts, incentives and returns, as applicable.

Rendering of Services:

Performance obligation in case of erection contracts is satisfied over the period of time. Since the company creates an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created and the company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date if it meets the agreed specifications. Revenue from such contracts, where the outcome can be estimated reliably and 10% of the project cost is incurred, is recognized under the percentage of completion method by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity. The stage of completion is measured by input method i.e. the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of a contract. The total costs of contracts are estimated based on technical and other estimates. In the event that a loss is anticipated on a particular contract, provision is made for the estimated loss. Contract revenue earned in excess of billing is reflected under as "Unbilled Revenues" and billing in excess of contract revenue is reflected under "Contract Liabilities".

Dividend income is recognised when right to receive dividend is established. Interest income is recognised on effective interest method. Insurance and other claims are recognised as a revenue on certainty of receipt on prudent basis.

Sale of Certified Emission Reductions (CER's) is recognised as income on the delivery of the CER's to the customer's account as evidenced by the receipt of confirmation of execution of delivery instructions.

4.11. Employee Benefits:

In case of Holding Company:

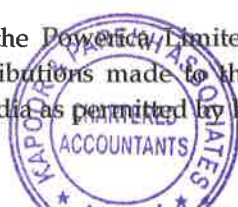
All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering service are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, ex gratia are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related service.

(i) Defined benefit plans

Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with Company.

Liabilities with regard to Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each balance sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Company fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the Powerica Limited Employees Group Gratuity Assurance Scheme (the Trust). Trustees administer contributions made to the Trust and contributions are invested in a scheme with Life Insurance Corporation of India as permitted by laws of India.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations reduced by the fair value of scheme assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme. The company recognizes the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its balance sheet as an asset or liability. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the other comprehensive income for the period in which they occur. The effect of any plan amendments are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Defined contribution plans:

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits. Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(iii) Compensated absences:

Company has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid/availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date.

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

In case of Subsidiaries:

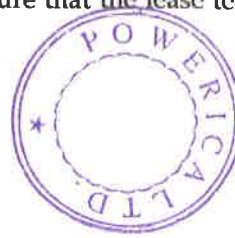
All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering service are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, ex gratia are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related service.

4.12. Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

4.13. Lease:

Ind AS 116 requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Group makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Group considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to business operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

The Company as a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The Company as a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. For operating leases, rental income is recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

4.14. Earnings Per Equity Share:

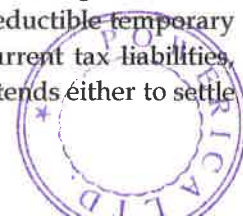
Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

4.15. Income Taxes:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax.

Income tax expense is recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. The Group offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

4.16. Dividends to Shareholders:

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

4.17. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, Contingent Assets and Commitments:

Provisions are recognised when Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits and compensated absences) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. If there is any expectation that some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any virtually certain reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed in the case of:

- possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group, or
- present obligations arising from past events where it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

4.18. Fair Value:

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or,
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 – quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

4.19. Segment Reporting:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company.

The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performances of the operating segments of the Company.

4.20. Investment Property:

Investment property is property either to earn rental income or for capital expenditure or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Upon initial recognition, an investment property is measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its investment property recognized as at 1st April, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use the carrying value as the deemed cost of such investment property.

Depreciation is calculated on investment properties over estimated useful lives of relevant type of buildings prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 using the diminishing balance method, and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is recognized in profit or loss.

The fair values of investment property are disclosed in notes. Fair values are determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognized and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in location and category of the investment property being valued.

4.21. Business Combinations:

Common control business combinations includes transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities within a group.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control shall be accounted for using the pooling of interests method.

The pooling of interest method is considered to involve the following:

- i) The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- ii) No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities. The only adjustments that are made are to harmonise accounting policies.
- iii) The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods should be restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination. However, if business combination had occurred after that date, the prior period information shall be restated only from that date.
- iv) The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

5 Use of Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of the Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known/ materialize. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the accounting policies.

- Measurement of defined benefit obligations (Refer note 4.11)
- Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies (Refer note 4.17)
- Recognition of deferred tax assets (Refer note 4.15)
- Useful lives of property, plant, equipment, intangibles and investment properties (Refer note 4.2, 4.3& 4.20)
- Impairment of Intangibles (Refer note 4.3)
- Impairment of financial assets (Refer note 4.4)
- Determination of stage of completion for services rendered (Refer note 4.10)

6 Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), vide notification dated 31st March, 2023, has made the following amendments to Ind AS which are effective 1st April, 2023:

- a) Amendments to Ind AS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements where the companies are now required to disclose material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies.
- b) Amendments to Ind AS 8, Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors where the definition of 'change in account estimate' has been replaced by revised definition of 'accounting estimate'.
- c) Amendments to Ind AS 12, Income Taxes where the scope of Initial Recognition Exemption (IRE) has been narrowed down.

Based on preliminary assessment, the Company does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact on its standalone financial statements



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS

₹ in Million

Current Year											
DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK					DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK CLOSING
	OPENING	ADDITIONS	EFFECT OF COMMON CONTROL TRANSACTION	DEDUCTION / ADJUSTMENTS	CLOSING	OPENING	EFFECT OF COMMON CONTROL TRANSACTION	FOR THE YEAR	DEDUCTION / ADJUSTMENTS	CLOSING	
(A) Property, Plant and Equipment:											
Freehold Land	192.51	1.60	-	0.01	194.10	-	-	-	-	-	194.10
Buildings	1,828.47	266.40	-	63.54	2,031.33	902.42	-	60.27	44.91	917.78	1,113.55
Roads	91.53	26.22	-	-	117.75	58.19	-	13.79	-	71.98	45.77
Plant & Machineries	608.75	34.22	-	37.25	605.72	473.70	-	25.46	33.74	465.42	140.30
Windmills	16,295.52	3,234.17	-	3.72	19,525.97	9,143.16	-	1,214.62	3.53	10,354.25	9,171.72
Office Equipments	65.64	10.91	-	2.29	74.26	52.80	-	7.93	2.17	58.56	15.70
Furniture & Fixtures	63.84	3.17	-	5.74	61.27	54.47	-	2.18	5.35	51.30	9.97
Computers	76.29	10.02	-	2.70	83.61	69.66	-	4.77	2.56	71.85	11.76
Vehicles	186.79	34.67	-	11.21	210.25	137.47	-	19.94	10.20	147.21	63.04
Sub-Total	19,409.34	3,621.38	-	126.47	22,904.26	10,891.87	-	1,348.96	102.46	12,138.35	10,765.91
(B) Leased Assets:											
Leasehold Land	28.63	13.34	-	-	41.97	5.39	-	1.52	-	6.91	35.06
Total (A+B)	19,437.97	3,634.72	-	126.47	22,946.24	10,897.26	-	1,350.48	102.46	12,145.27	10,800.97
(C) Intangible:											
Software	66.31	3.30	-	0.44	69.17	60.67	-	3.48	0.44	63.71	5.46
Others	35.42	27.78	-	-	63.20	2.88	-	1.10	-	3.98	59.22
Total (C)	101.73	31.08	-	0.44	132.37	63.55	-	4.58	0.44	67.69	64.68
(D) Capital Work in Progress											
Total Fixed Assets (A) +(B)+(C)+(D)	19,539.70	3,665.81	-	126.91	23,078.60	10,960.81	-	1,355.06	102.90	12,212.95	10,909.67

Ageing of Capital Work in Progress as on 31st March, 2022

	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress	16.87	0.78	2.23	24.14	44.02
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	16.87	0.78	2.23	24.14	44.02

There are no projects as on each reporting period where activity had been suspended. Also there are no projects as on the reporting period which has exceeded cost as compared to its original plan or where completion is overdue.

Previous Year

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK					DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION					NET BLOCK CLOSING
	OPENING	ADDITIONS	EFFECT OF COMMON CONTROL TRANSACTION	DEDUCTION / ADJUSTMENTS	CLOSING	OPENING	EFFECT OF COMMON CONTROL TRANSACTION	FOR THE YEAR	DEDUCTION / ADJUSTMENTS	CLOSING	
(A) Property, Plant and Equipment:											
Freehold Land	268.27	-	-	75.76	192.51	-	-	-	-	-	192.51
Buildings	1,869.83	41.44	-	82.80	1,828.47	869.19	-	57.54	24.30	902.42	926.04
Roads	91.53	-	-	-	91.53	47.10	-	11.09	-	58.19	33.34
Plant & Machineries	612.91	7.54	0.19	11.89	608.75	454.94	0.00	28.48	9.73	473.70	135.05
Windmills	16,299.10	-	-	3.58	16,295.52	8,110.05	-	1,036.51	3.40	9,143.16	7,152.36
Office Equipments	66.09	7.25	-	7.70	65.64	55.69	-	4.42	7.31	52.80	12.84
Furniture & Fixtures	70.72	0.46	-	7.34	63.84	58.38	-	2.67	6.58	54.47	9.37
Computers	73.49	3.97	0.06	1.23	76.29	67.64	0.05	3.12	1.15	69.66	6.63
Vehicles	182.45	14.00	14.47	24.13	186.79	126.74	11.86	18.63	19.76	137.47	49.33
Sub-Total	19,534.39	74.66	14.72	214.43	19,409.34	9,789.73	11.91	1,162.46	72.23	10,891.87	8,517.48
(B) Leased Assets:											
Leasehold Land	28.63	-	-	-	28.63	3.98	-	1.41	-	5.39	23.24
Total (A+B)	19,563.02	74.66	14.72	214.43	19,437.97	9,793.71	11.91	1,163.87	72.23	10,897.27	8,540.72
(C) Intangible:											
Software	60.14	5.77	0.41	-	66.31	57.52	0.20	2.94	-	60.67	5.64
Others	35.42	-	-	-	35.42	2.01	-	0.87	-	2.88	32.54
Total (C)	95.56	5.77	0.41	-	101.73	59.53	0.20	3.81	-	63.55	38.18
(D) Capital Work in Progress											
Total Fixed Assets (A) +(B)+(C)	19,658.58	80.43	15.13	214.43	19,539.69	9,853.24	12.11	1,167.68	72.23	10,960.81	11,782.73

Ageing of Capital Work in Progress as on 31st March, 2021

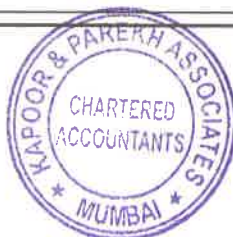
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress	3,101.20	18.06	54.86	29.71	3,203.83
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,101.20	18.06	54.86	29.71	3,203.83

There are no projects as on each reporting period where activity had been suspended. Also there are no projects as on the reporting period which has exceeded cost as compared to its original plan or where completion is overdue.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	₹ in Million	
	As at	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
16. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (as per IND AS-7 - "Statement of Cash Flows"):		
Balance with Banks		
In Current Accounts *	142.00	225.29
Deposit with original maturity upto 3 months.	90.00	70.00
Cash on Hand	1.30	1.71
	233.30	297.00
* Out of above, bank accounts of ₹ 14.30 millions (Pr. Yr. ₹ 60.81 millions) are in the name of transferor companies. Company is in the process of change in the bank accounts name as per the Composite Scheme (Refer Note 1.1).		
17. BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Deposit with original maturity for more than 3 months and upto 12 months.		
- Under Lien *	0.74	100.86
- Others	-	0.25
Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months		
- Under Lien	22.15	16.02
- Others	50.68	1.00
	73.57	118.13
* Out of the above, deposits of ₹ 0.68 million (Pr.Yr. ₹ 0.65 million) are in the name of transferor company. Company is in the process of change in name as per the composite scheme (Refer Note 1.1)		
18. CURRENT LOANS:		
<i>(Unsecured, Considered Good)</i>		
Loan to Employees	5.03	6.50
Inter Corporate Deposits		
- To Associate (Refer Note 53)	-	179.86
- To Others	-	700.00
	5.03	886.36
i) In line with Circular No 04/2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated 10th March, 2015, loans given to employees as per the Company's policy are not considered for the purposes of disclosure under Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013.		
ii) There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and their related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:		
a) repayable on demand; or		
b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment		
19. CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHERS:		
<i>(Unsecured, Considered Good)</i>		
Security Deposits	20.26	26.48
Deposits to Related Parties (Refer Note 51)		
Receivable from Related Parties (Refer Note 51)	1.41	2.33
Fair Value of Derivatives	-	3.64
Interest Receivable		
- From Associate (Refer Note 51)	-	41.49
- Others	46.95	70.78
Others	3.52	22.58
	72.14	167.30
20. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:		
Advances for Supply of Goods and Rendering of Services	252.37	797.35
Less: Provision for Doubtful Advances	(15.60)	(15.60)
	236.77	781.75
Advances to Employees	1.37	2.86
Balance with Government Authorities	515.97	592.58
Prepaid Expenses	38.28	35.50
Contract Assets	294.47	73.71
Others	-	4.42
	1,086.86	1,490.82



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

21. SHARE CAPITAL

	31.03.2023		31.03.2022	
	No. of Shares of ₹ 5	In Million	No. of Shares of ₹ 5	In Million
Authorised:				
Equity Shares	7,00,20,000	350.10	7,00,20,000	350.10
Preference Shares	1,00,00,000	100.00	1,00,00,000	100.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up				
Equity Shares - Fully Paid Up	3,34,06,350	167.03	3,34,06,350	167.03

Of the above Equity Shares:

a) Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5/- each. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The Dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Interim Dividend is recognised on approval of the Board of Directors.

During the year, the amount of per share dividend recognised as distributions to equity shareholders was Nil (Pr. Yr. ₹ 2.897) on face value of ₹ 5/- each.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of Equity Shares will be entitled to remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the shareholders.

b) Aggregate value of Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital as on the Balance Sheet date for the period of preceding five years includes:

- i) 36,02,978 (Pr. Yr. 36,02,978) Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each/- have been bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding balance sheet date.
- ii) 2,28,55,277 (Pr. Yr. 2,28,55,277) Equity Shares of ₹ 5/- each have been allotted as bonus shares during the period of five years immediately preceding balance sheet date.

c) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:

Name of Shareholder	31.03.2023		31.03.2022	
	No. of Shares held of ₹ 5	% of holding	No. of Shares held of ₹ 5	% of holding
Mr. Naresh Chander Oberoi	82,600	0.25	54,76,000	16.39
Naresh Oberoi Family Trust	95,00,000	28.44	-	-
Mr. Kharati Ram Puri	52,94,808	15.85	52,94,808	15.85
Mr. Bharat Oberoi	1,37,95,202	41.30	1,79,02,302	53.59
Ms. Renu Oberoi	46,33,717	13.87	46,33,717	13.87

As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

d) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

	31.03.2023		31.03.2022	
	No. of Shares of ₹ 5	In Million	No. of Shares of ₹ 5	In Million
Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,34,06,350	167.03	3,44,89,151	172.45
Less: Equity Shares pending extinguishment pursuant to common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	-	-	10,82,801	5.42
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	3,34,06,350	167.03	3,34,06,350	167.03

e) Details of shareholdings by the Promoter's of the Company:

Name of Promoter	31.03.2023		31.03.2022		% Change in the year *
	No. of Shares held of ₹ 5	% of holding	No. of Shares held of ₹ 5	% of holding	
Mr. Naresh Chander Oberoi	82,600	0.25	54,76,000	16.39	(16.14)
Mr. Kharati Ram Puri	52,94,808	15.85	52,94,808	15.85	-
Mr. Bharat Oberoi	1,37,95,202	41.30	1,79,02,302	53.59	(12.29)

Name of Promoter	31.03.2022		31.03.2021		% Change in the year
	No. of Shares held of ₹ 5	% of holding	No. of Shares held of ₹ 5	% of holding	
Mr. Naresh Chander Oberoi	54,76,000	16.39	54,76,000	15.88	0.51
Mr. Kharati Ram Puri	52,94,808	15.85	52,94,808	15.35	0.50
Mr. Bharat Oberoi	1,79,02,302	53.59	1,79,02,302	51.91	1.68

* Change in shareholding is on account of reduction in total number of shares pending extinguishment held by transferor company pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation common control entities with and into the Company.

f) The Company is not a subsidiary company



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

₹ in Million		
As at		
31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
Capital Reserve	1.63	1.63
Securities Premium	19.43	19.43
Capital Redemption Reserve	18.01	18.01
General Reserve	28.50	28.50
Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account	(788.57)	(788.57)
Retained Earnings	8,513.70	7,450.75
Items of Other Comprehensive Income		
- Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(1.63)	4.34
- Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	2.12	-
- Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	(2.18)	6.42
	2,791.02	6,740.52

22. OTHER EQUITY:

Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for detailed movement in Equity balance.

A. Summary of Other Equity balance.

- Capital Reserve
- Securities Premium
- Capital Redemption Reserve
- General Reserve
- Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account
- Retained Earnings
- Items of Other Comprehensive Income
- Remeasurements of defined benefit plans
- Foreign Currency Translation Reserve
- Cash Flow Hedge Reserve

B. Nature and purpose of reserves

- (a) **Capital Reserve:** Company's capital reserve is mainly on account of receipts of government subsidies/grants for setting up the factory in EOU Unit.

The details of movement in capital reserve during the year is as below:

	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	1.63	1.63
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	-	-
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Less: Utilisation during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1.63	1.63

- (b) **Capital Redemption Reserve:** The Companies Act, 2013 requires that when a Company purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium account, a sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased shall be transferred to a capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of Section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The details of movement in capital redemption reserve during the year is as below:

	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	18.01	18.01
Add: Additions during the year pursuant to buyback of equity shares	-	-
Less: Utilisation during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	18.01	18.01

- (c) **Securities Premium:** Securities premium is used to record premium received on issue of shares. The reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The details of movement in securities premium during the year is as below:

	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	19.43	-
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	-	19.43
Add: Additions during the year pursuant to buyback of equity shares	-	-
Less: Utilisation during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	19.43	19.43

- (d) **General Reserve:** Under the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956, a general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net profit at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. Consequent to the introduction of the Companies Act, 2013, the requirement to mandatory transfer a specified percentage of net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn.

The details of movement in general reserve during the year is as below:

	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	28.50	-
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	-	28.50
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Less: Utilisation during the year pursuant to buyback of equity shares	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	28.50	28.50

- (e) **Amalgamation Adjustment Deficit Account:** The excess of consideration payable over fair value of net assets acquired in a common control transaction is recognised as amalgamation adjustment deficit account.

The details of movement in amalgamation adjustment deficit account during the year is as below:

	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	(788.57)	-
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	-	(788.57)
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	(788.57)	(788.57)

- (f) **Retained Earnings:** Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,450.75	7,270.03
Add: Effect of common control transaction (Refer Note 1.1)	-	80.00
Add: Profit (Loss) for the year	1,062.95	197.50
Less: Dividend on equity shares during the year	-	(96.78)
Balance at the end of the year	8,513.70	7,450.75

(g) **Items of Other Comprehensive Income**

- (i) **Remeasurements of Net Defined Benefit Plans:** Differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' and subsequently not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- (ii) **Cash Flow Hedge Reserve:** The cash flow hedge reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of designated portion of hedging instruments entered into for Cash Flow Hedges. The cumulative gain or loss arising on changes in fair value of the designated portion of the hedging instruments that are recognised and accumulated under the heading of cash flow reserve will be reclassified to statement of profit and loss only when the hedged items affect the profit or loss.

- (iii) **Foreign Currency Translation Reserve:** This Reserve represents exchange differences arising on account of conversion of foreign operations to Company's functional currency.

	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Effective Portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Remeasurement of the net defined benefit plans
As at 01.04.2021	-	(3.24)	0.98
Less: Hedging Gain (Loss) transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss	-	3.24	-
Add: Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	6.42	3.36
As at 31.03.2022	-	6.42	4.34
Less: Hedging Gain (Loss) transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-6.42	-
Add: Other Comprehensive Income for the year	2.12	-2.18	-5.97
As at 31.03.2023	2.12	-2.18	-1.63



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	₹ in Million	
	As at	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
23. NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - BORROWINGS:		
Secured		
Term Loan From Banks	555.96	2,588.70
	555.96	2,588.70
1) Secured Term Loan from IDFC Bank is secured against hypothecation by way of first exclusive charge on three wind power projects comprising of 26 windmills of 1.8 MW each and 11 windmills of 2 MW each in village Jangi, Gujarat and on entire cash flows, receivables, revenues, intangible assets, moveable and immovable assets of these projects, both present and future, first charge and lien on mutual fund investment of the Company having market value of ₹ 76.86 million (Pr. Yr. ₹ 104.15 million) as at year end. It is repayable in 40 structured quarterly installments beginning from 31st July, 2019 and carries interest rate in the range of 9% to 10%.		
2) Secured Term Loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank was secured against hypothecation by way of first exclusive charge on Bhatel wind power project comprising of 23 windmills of 2.2 MW each in Gujarat and on entire cash flows, receivables, revenues, intangible assets, moveable and immovable assets of the project, both present and future. It was repayable in 40 structured quarterly installments beginning from 31st December, 2020 and carries interest rate in the range of 8% to 10%. The same was fully repaid during the year.		
3) Secured Term Loan from Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited is secured against hypothecation by way of first exclusive charge and pledge of Inter Corporate Deposits of the Company amounting to Nil (Pr. Yr. ₹ 700.00 million), first charge and lien on debentures/bonds and mutual fund investment of the Company having market value of ₹ 201.29 million (Pr. Yr. ₹ 411.98 million) and lien on fixed deposit held by the Company of Nil (Pr. Yr. ₹ 81.24 million) as at year end. It is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments beginning from 1st April, 2022 and carries interest rate of 8.1% per annum.		
4) Secured Term Loan from HDFC Bank was secured against hypothecation by way of first exclusive charge on Rajkot wind power project comprising of 19 windmills of 2.2 MW each in Gujarat and on entire cash flows, receivables, revenues, intangible assets, moveable and immovable assets of the project, both present and future. It was repayable in 32 structured quarterly installments beginning from 31st March, 2022 and carries interest rate in the range of 8% to 10%. The same was fully repaid during the year.		
5) Term Loan from Standard Chartered Bank is secured against hypothecation by way of first exclusive charge on Bhatel wind power project comprising of 23 windmills of 2.2 MW each in Gujarat and on entire current assets of the project and lien on debt mutual funds / bonds of the Company having market value of		
6) Unsecured Term Loan from Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited was repayable after 18 months from loan disbursement date i.e. bullet repayment on 28.06.2022 & carries a interest rate of 6%. The same was fully repaid during the year.		
7) Unsecured Term Loan from Standard Chartered Capital Limited is repayable in 3 bullet annual installments beginning from 27th June, 2023 & carries a interest rate of 10.5%. The same is fully repaid in May, 2023.		
8) Unsecured interest free loan from director is repayable on demand. The same is fully repaid in June, 2023.		
Installment following dues in respect of above loan upto 31.03.2023 have been grouped under "Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings" (Refer Note 7).		
24. NON-CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:		
Security Deposits	9.96	9.96
Fair Value Derivatives	3.34	-
Merger Consideration Payable (Refer Note 1.1)	99.28	99.28
	112.58	109.24
25. OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Income Received in Advance	184.16	178.17
	184.16	178.17
26. NON -CURRENT PROVISIONS:		
Provision for Employee Benefits For Compensated Absences	39.42	35.38
	39.42	35.38
27. CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BORROWINGS:		
Secured		
Current maturities of long-term debt - Term Loan From Banks	1,523.27	576.05
Unsecured		
Current maturities of long-term debt - Term Loan From Banks	698.50	698.50
Loan from Director, Related Party (Refer Note 51)	11.00	-
	2,232.77	1,274.55



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

		₹ in Million				
		As at				
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022			
28. TRADE PAYABLES:						
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		70.22	171.30			
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		2,284.46	2,521.29			
		2,354.68	2,692.59			
a) Details of Micro and Small Enterprises As defined Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006:						
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022			
i	Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	70.22				171.30
ii	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	-				-
iii	The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the	-				-
iv	The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-				-
v	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-				-
vi	The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the	-				-
<p>Note: The information regarding Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group.</p>						
b) Ageing for trade payables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at 31st March, 2023						
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues- MSME	59.91	10.31	-	-	-	70.22
Undisputed dues - Others	2,152.37	121.41	5.17	-	5.51	2,284.46
Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ageing for trade payables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at 31st March, 2022						
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues- MSME	137.36	33.94	-	-	-	171.30
Undisputed dues - Others	2,444.89	69.82	0.25	1.11	5.22	2,521.29
Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
29. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:						
Interest Accrued but not due on Borrowings		134.65	151.57			
Mark to Mark Derivative Liabilities		0.00	-			
Security Deposits		-	3.06			
Capital Creditors		4,203.81	4,300.66			
Other Liabilities		602.15	423.95			
		4,940.61	4,879.24			
30. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Income Received in Advance		89.47	15.17			
Advance Received from Customers		1,565.75	2,056.52			
Statutory Dues Payable		47.30	64.25			
		1,702.52	2,135.94			
31. CURRENT PROVISIONS:						
Provision for Employee Benefits						
For Gratuity		6.31	-			
For Compensated Absences		6.66	6.15			
		12.97	6.15			



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	₹ in Million	
	Year Ended	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
32. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS:		
Sale of Products:		
- Manufactured Goods	14,530.94	10,841.04
- Stock-in-Trade	3,957.35	777.27
- Electricity	2,030.58	1,975.13
- Generation Based Incentive - Electricity	53.38	58.64
Income from Services:		
Erection, Installation & Other Services rendered	1,076.35	747.95
Project Development Consultancy	1,958.07	374.17
Other Operating Revenue:		
Income from Leasing	6.12	6.12
Export Benefits and Other Incentive	12.05	8.53
Others	157.75	86.94
	23,782.59	14,875.79
33. OTHER INCOME:		
Interest Income		
- On Bank Deposits	9.96	7.87
- Others	46.18	69.68
Income from Investments		
- Interest	69.58	63.28
- Distributed Income	-	0.53
- Dividend	0.08	0.00
Rent Income	24.24	27.66
Provision for Doubtful Debts Written Back	15.80	-
Net Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipments	128.50	50.64
Net Gain on Financial Assets measured at FVTPL *	73.54	119.63
Sundry Balances Written Back (Net)	-	-
Exchange Differences (Net)	62.74	22.85
Miscellaneous Income	11.40	2.47
	442.02	364.61
* Net Gain on Financial Assets measured at FVTPL include ₹ 122.56 million (Pr. Yr ₹ 93.94 million) as 'Net Gain on Sale of Investments'.		
34. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK-IN-PROGRESS & STOCK-IN-TRADE:		
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished Goods	15.75	29.48
Work in Progress	201.99	141.54
Work in Progress transferred on common control transaction	1.23	7.97
Stock-in-Trade	2.16	1.00
	221.13	179.99
Inventories at the end of the year		
Finished Goods	10.32	15.75
Work in Progress	242.09	201.99
Stock-in-Trade	37.86	1.23
Stock-in-Trade in Transit	-	2.16
	290.27	221.13
Changes In Inventories Of Finished Goods, Work-In-Progress & Stock-in-Trade	(69.14)	(41.14)



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

	₹ in Million	
	Year Ended	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
35. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES:		
Salaries, Wages, Bonus & Allowances	866.15	719.03
Contribution to Provident & Other Funds	38.34	34.17
Defined Benefit Plan Expense (Refer Note 43)	10.37	8.57
Staff Welfare Expenses	33.54	24.14
	948.40	785.91
36. FINANCE COST:		
Interest Expenses	556.58	468.20
	556.58	468.20
37. DEPRECIATION & AMORTISATION:		
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipments (Owned Assets) (Refer Note 7)	1,348.96	1,162.46
Amortisation of Property, Plant and Equipments (Leased Assets) (Refer Note 7)	1.52	1.41
Amortisation of Intangible Assets (Refer Note 7)	4.58	3.81
	1,355.06	1,167.68
38. OTHER EXPENSES:		
Power & Fuel	30.11	25.85
Repairs & Maintenance		
- Plant & Machinery	9.96	2.86
- Buildings	8.26	0.34
- Others	29.54	22.23
Labour Charges	287.99	208.94
Conveyance & Petrol Expenses	38.85	27.21
Erection Expenses	410.54	351.43
Telephone & Communication	7.82	7.32
Vehicles Maintenance	18.36	13.12
Insurance Expenses	69.04	50.73
Legal & Professional Charges	88.76	64.94
Project Development Contract	1,640.90	272.86
Rent Expenses	29.15	20.37
Rates & Taxes	11.33	8.32
Freight Outward & Octroi	225.34	157.55
Sales Commission	21.94	8.18
Provision for Doubtful Debts	-	35.24
Provision for Doubtful Advances	-	15.60
Travelling Expenses	55.97	27.32
Exchange Differences (Net)	0.43	-
Sundry Balance Written Off (Net)	34.06	22.69
Work In Progress Written Off	-	2.29
Operation and Maintenance Charges	400.20	374.85
Miscellaneous Expenses	259.70	188.11
	3,678.25	1,908.35



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

39. The Consolidated Financial Statements present the consolidated accounts of Powerica Limited ("the Company") and its following subsidiaries("the Group") and associate:

Name of the Company	Country of Incorporation	% voting power held	
		As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Paramount Windfarms Private Limited	India	100%	100%
Vartaman Wind Energy Private Limited	India	100%	100%
Airstream Windfarms Private Limited	India	100%	100%
Airpower Windfarm Private Limited	India	50 %	50 %
Powerica Power Systems (FZE) *	United Arab Emirates	100%	Nil

Powerica Power Systems (FZE) was incorporated w.e.f 09.02.2022. The Company has not paid the subscription amount till March, 2022.

40. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments:

Contingent Liabilities

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
a) Sales Tax demand disputed, contested in appeal	3.92	5.18
Amount paid there against and shown as Advances Recoverable	2.16	2.16
b) Service Tax demand disputed, contested in appeal	8.24	0.31
Amount paid there against and shown as Advances Recoverable	Nil	Nil
c) Goods and Service Tax demand disputed, contested in appeal	9.26	9.58
Amount paid there against and shown as Advances Recoverable	Nil	Nil
d) Custom Duty demand disputed, contested in appeal	3.66	14.69
Amount paid there against and shown as Advances Recoverable	0.25	0.66
d) Income Tax demand disputed, contested in appeal	5.91	5.91
Amount paid there against and shown as Advances Recoverable	Nil	Nil
e) Corporate Guarantee given to bank on behalf of Related Parties	Nil	66.50

It is not practicable for the Group to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt of judgments/decisions pending with various forums/authorities. The Group does not expect the outcome of the matters stated above to have a material adverse impact on the Group's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements.

Commitments:

a) Lease Commitments

Lease commitments are the future cash out flows from the lease contracts which are not recorded in the measurement of lease liabilities. These include potential future payments related to leases of low value assets and leases with term less than twelve months.

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Not later than one year	20.43	16.44
Later than once year and not later than five years	17.47	14.71
Later than five years	Nil	Nil

b) Capital/Revenue Commitments

Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital/revenue account and not provided for, net of advances	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	1,211.93	1,957.58



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

c) Other Commitments

For Derivative contract related commitments, Refer Note 50

41. Earnings (Deficit) Per Share (EPS):

	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Profit (Loss) Attributable to Equity Shareholders for Basic & Diluted EPS (₹ in Million)	1,054.80	207.28
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares Outstanding for Basic & Diluted EPS	3,34,06,350	3,34,06,350
Nominal Value of Equity Share (₹)	5	5
Earnings (Deficit) Per Share Basic & Diluted (₹)	31.57	6.20

42. Disclosure for Operating Leases under Ind AS 116 - "Leases":

- (a) The Holding Company & Subsidiary Company leases mainly comprises of various residential/commercial premises under operating lease. The group has incurred ₹ 27.35 million (Pr. Yr. ₹ 22.18 million) towards expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss for the year.
- (b) The Holding Company has given on lease, commercial premises under operating lease. The rental income recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss for the year is ₹ 24.19 million (Pr. Yr. ₹ 27.66 million).

43. Employee Benefits in respect of Holding Company

(a) Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company offers its employees defined contribution plans in the form of Provident Fund (PF) and Employees' Pension Scheme (EPS) with the government, and certain state plans such as Employees' State Insurance (ESI). PF and EPS cover substantially all regular employees and the ESI covers eligible workers. Contributions are made to the Government's funds. While both the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the Provident Fund and the ESI Scheme, contributions into the pension fund is made only by the Company. The contributions are normally based on a certain portion of the employee's salary.

During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts:

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Provident Fund and Employee's Pension Scheme	38.18	34.22
Employees State Insurance	0.22	0.28
	38.40	34.50

(b) Defined Benefit Plans

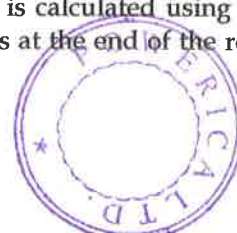
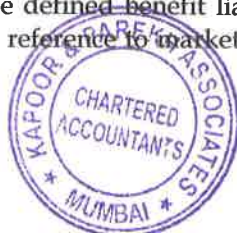
Gratuity: Company makes annual contributions to the Employees' Group Gratuity-cum Life Assurance (Cash Accumulation) Scheme of the LIC, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for payment to vested employees as under:

- i) **On normal retirement / early retirement / withdrawal / resignation:**
As per the provisions of Payments of Gratuity Act, 1972 with vesting period of 5 years of service
- ii) **On the death in service:**
As per the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 without any vesting period.

Aforesaid post-employment benefit plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment Risk

The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

- Interest Risk** A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments.
- Longevity Risk** The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
- Salary Risk** The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

- (c) The following tables summarise the components of defined benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss/OCI and the funded status and amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet for the respective plans:

	(₹ in Million)	
	Gratuity (Funded Plan)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i) Changes in Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening defined benefit obligation	111.53	108.49
Current service cost	8.85	8.53
Interest cost	7.80	7.25
Actuarial loss / (gain)		
- changes in financial assumptions	(3.67)	(3.46)
- changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
- experience adjustments	11.78	(1.81)
Benefit (paid)	(8.91)	(7.47)
Closing defined benefit obligation	127.38	111.53
ii) Changes in Fair Value of Assets		
Opening value of plan assets	114.72	96.49
Interest Income	8.35	6.72
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in Interest Income	(1.07)	(0.12)
Contributions of employer	11.06	19.10
Benefits (paid)	(11.98)	(7.47)
Closing value of plan assets	121.07	114.72
iii) Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Present value of the funded obligations as at year end	127.38	111.53
Fair value of the plan assets as at year end	121.07	114.72
Net (asset) / liability recognised as at year end	6.31	-3.19
iv) Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current service cost	8.85	8.53
Past service cost and loss/(gain) on curtailments and settlement	-	-
Net Interest cost	(0.54)	0.53
Total	8.31	9.06
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income		
Net actuarial loss / (gain) recognised in the current year		
- changes in financial assumptions	(3.67)	(3.46)
- changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
- experience adjustments	11.78	(1.81)
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in Interest Income	1.07	0.11
Total	9.18	(5.16)
v) Asset information		
Others - Policy of Insurance	100.00%	100.00%



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

vi) Principal actuarial assumptions used		
Discount rate (p.a.)	7.45%	7.15%
Salary growth rate (p.a.)	5.00%	5.00%

(d) Sensitivity Analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. Reasonable, possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligations by the amounts shown below:

	(₹ in Million)			
	31.03.2023		31.03.2022	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (0.5%) movement	(5.77)	6.21	(5.44)	5.86
Salary growth rate (0.5%) movement	4.84	(4.75)	4.74	(4.63)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the Balance Sheet.

The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year will be in line with financial year 2022-2023.

(e) Leave Encashment:

Company's employees are entitled for compensated absences which are allowed to be accumulated and encashed as per Company's rule. The liability of compensated absences, which is non-funded, has been provided based on report of independent actuary using "Projected Unit Credit Method".

Accordingly ₹ 46.09 million (Pr. Yr. ₹ 41.54 million) being liability as at the year-end for compensated absences as per actuarial valuation has been provided in the accounts.

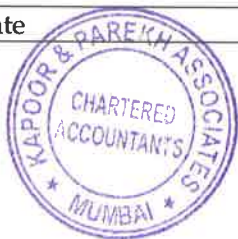
Annual Leave Assumptions

a) Financial Assumptions

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Discount rate (p.a.)	7.45%	7.15%
Salary growth rate (p.a.)	5.00%	5.00%

b) Demographic Assumptions

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Mortality	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
Leave Availment Rate	4.00%	4.00%



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

44. Remuneration to Auditors (Excluding Taxes) :

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Audit Fees	3.31	2.80
Tax Audit Fees	0.93	Nil
Other Attest Services	0.57	0.13

45. The details of Corporate Social Responsibility as prescribed under Section 135 of the Companies, Act 2013 is as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	(₹ in Million)	
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i.	Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	9.57	10.72
ii.	Amount spent during the year on:		
	a) Construction/acquisition of any asset	Nil	Nil
	b) For purposes other than (i) above	9.75	10.72
iii.	Shortfall at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
iv.	Total of previous years shortfall	Nil	Nil
v.	Reason for shortfall	Nil	Nil
vi.	Nature of CSR activities include promoting education among children, women, elderly and to support especially non-profit organization working for disabled children from under privileged background, promoting healthcare including preventive health care and eradicating hunger and malnutrition, employment and livelihood enhancing vocation skills and disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities.		
vii.	No Amount is required to be transferred to a special account designated as "Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account" of the Company within 30 days from end of financial year.		
viii.	The Company does not carry any provisions for Corporate social responsibility expenses for current year and previous year.		

46. Segment Reporting

A. Basis for Segmentation:

The Group has following business segments which are its reportable segments. These units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and production processes. Operating segment disclosures are consistent with the information provided to and reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

Reportable Segments	Operation
Diesel Generating Sets	- Manufacturing and trading in diesel generating sets, components and erection, installation, commissioning, operation, maintenance & other services relating to diesel generating sets.
Wind Turbine Generators-	Generation of electricity from Wind Turbine Generators and erection, installation, commissioning, operation, maintenance, project management& other services relating to Wind Turbine Generators



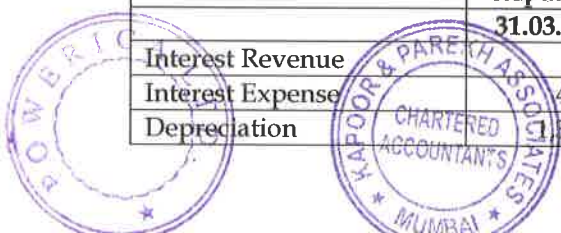
POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

B. Information about the Group's business segments is given below:

Sr. No		Diesel Generating Sets		Wind Turbine Generators		Total	
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
A	Revenue						
	External Sales	19,907.13	12,578.22	4,174.29	2,479.26	24,081.42	15,057.48
	Inter Segment Sales	29.32	13.47	Nil	Nil	29.32	13.47
	Segment Revenue	19,936.45	12,591.69	4,174.29	2,479.26	24,110.74	15,070.95
	Less: Inter Segment Eliminations					29.32	13.47
	Total Revenue					24,081.42	15,057.48
B	Segment Results (PBT)	2,117.53	383.17	100.68	250.85	2,218.21	634.02
C	Specified Amounts included in Segment Results						
	Depreciation & Amortisation	106.84	109.33	1,248.22	1,058.36	1,355.06	1,167.68
	Interest Income	42.06	66.43	14.08	11.12	56.14	77.55
	Interest Expense	35.37	79.13	373.93	268.41	409.30	347.54
D	Reconciliation of Segment Result with Profit After Tax						
	Segment Results	2,117.53	383.17	100.68	250.85	2,218.21	634.02
	Interest Income					69.58	63.28
	Net gain arising on financial assets measured at FVTPL					-49.02	25.69
	Gain on sale of financial assets measured at FVTPL					122.56	93.94
	Dividend received					0.08	0.01
	Unallocated Corporate Income/ (Expenses)- Net					-357.98	-229.51
	Income Taxes					798.56	386.69
	Share of Profit (Loss) of Associate					-141.92	-3.24
	Profit After Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss					1,062.95	197.50
E	Other Information						
	Segment Assets	6,788.18	6,843.93	10,526.81	11,508.60	17,314.99	18,352.53
	Unallocated Corporate Assets					3,942.52	3,139.51
	Total Assets					21,257.51	21,492.04
	Segment Liabilities	4,514.44	5,878.20	6,073.42	6,966.86	10,587.86	12,945.06
	Unallocated Corporate Liabilities					2,711.60	1,639.43
	Total Liabilities					13,299.46	14,584.49
	Total Capital Expenditure	342.70	59.18	274.77	750.55	617.47	809.73

C. Reconciliation of other material items:

	Reportable segments total		Adjustments		Total	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Interest Revenue	56.14	77.55	69.58	63.28	125.72	140.83
Interest Expense	409.30	347.54	147.28	120.66	556.58	468.20
Depreciation	1,355.06	1,167.68	Nil	Nil	1,355.06	1,167.68



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

D. Geographical information:

The geographical information analyses the Company's revenues and non-current assets by the Company's country of domicile (i.e. India) and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue has been based on the geographic location of customers and segment assets which have been on the geographical location of the assets.

(i) Revenue (Net)

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Within India	23,243.75	14,511.16
Outside India	538.84	364.63
Total	23,782.59	14,875.79

(ii) All Non-Current Assets (Non-Current Assets exclude financial instruments, deferred tax assets and post-employment benefit assets) of the Company are located in India.

E. Major Customer:

None of the individual customer accounted for more than 10% of the revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022.

47. Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. Management monitors the return of capital, as well as the level of dividends paid to equity shareholders. The board of directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowing and advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

Group monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'adjusted equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and current investments. Equity comprises all components of equity.

Group's policy is to keep the ratio below 1 and its adjusted net debt to equity ratio was as follows:

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Debt (Debt + Current Liabilities)	2,788.73	3,863.25
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,480.54	2,226.42
Adjusted Net Debt	-	1,636.83
Equity	7,958.05	6,907.55
Adjusted Net Debt to Equity Ratio	-	0.24

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31st March, 2023 and year ended 31st March, 2022.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

48. Financial Instrument- Fair values and risk management

A) Accounting Classification and Fair Values:

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes mutual funds that have declared buyback NAV. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2 - The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (like Mark to Market Derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value as instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

As at 31.03.2023

(₹ in Million)

Financial Instruments by Category	Carrying Amount			Fair Value		
	FVTPL	Derivatives designated as hedge	Amortised Cost	Level I	Level II	Level III
Financial Assets:						
Non-Current Investments - Others	695.28	-	-	695.28	-	-
Non-Current Trade Receivable	-	-	163.82	-	-	163.82
Non-Current Loans	-	-	3.26	-	-	-
Other Non-Current Financial Assets	-	-	25.40	-	-	25.40
Current Investments	3,247.24	-	-	3,247.24	-	-
Trade Receivables	-	-	2,622.78	-	-	2,622.78
Cash & Cash Equivalents	-	-	233.30	-	-	233.30
Other Bank Balance	-	-	73.57	-	-	73.57
Current Loans	-	-	5.03	-	-	5.03
Other Current Financial Assets	-	-	72.14	-	-	72.14
Financial Liabilities:						
Non-Current Borrowings	-	-	555.96	-	-	555.96
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities						
- Derivative Instruments	-	3.34	-	-	3.34	-
- Others	-	-	109.24	-	-	109.24
Current Borrowings	-	-	2,232.77	-	-	2,232.77
Trade Payables	-	-	2,354.68	-	-	2,354.68
Other Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	4,940.61	-	-	4,940.61



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

As at 31.03.2022

(₹ in Million)

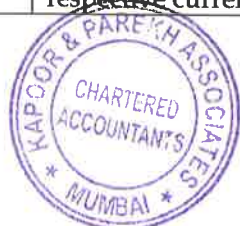
Financial Instruments by Category	Carrying Amount			Fair Value		
	FVTPL	Derivatives designated as hedge	Amortised Cost	Level I	Level II	Level III
Financial Assets:						
Non-Current Investments - Others	490.16	-	-	490.16	-	-
Non-Current Loans	-	-	4.05	-	-	-
Other Non-Current Financial Assets						
- Derivative Instruments	-	6.23	-	-	6.23	-
- Others	-	-	87.18	-	-	-
Current Investments	1,929.42	-	-	1,929.42	-	-
Trade Receivables	-	-	2,565.10	-	-	-
Cash & Cash Equivalents	-	-	297.00	-	-	-
Other Bank Balance	-	-	118.13	-	-	-
Current Loans	-	-	886.36	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets						
- Derivative Instruments	-	3.64	-	-	3.64	-
- Others	-	-	163.66	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities:						
Non-Current Borrowings	-	-	2,588.70	-	-	-
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	109.24	-	-	-
Current Borrowings	-	-	1,274.55	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	2,692.59	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Liabilities	-	-	4,879.24	-	-	-

B) Measurement of fair values:

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs:

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 fair values, for financial instruments measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:

Type	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable Inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Derivative instruments	Forward pricing: The fair value is determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date and present value calculations based on high credit quality yield curves in the respective currency.	Not applicable	Not applicable



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

C) Financial risk management

The Group's business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk. The Company's senior management has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing the Group's risk management framework. Management is responsible for developing and monitoring Group's risk management policies, under the guidance of Operations & Management Committee. The framework seeks to identify, assess and mitigate financial risks in order to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Audit Committee reviews investments at periodical intervals

i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, mutual funds and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

a) Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Group extends credit only to customers based on its past dealings and outstanding customer receivables are being monitored by individual business managers located in those places. In most cases an appropriate letter of credit / bank guarantee is taken from the customers to cover the risk. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large. There is no customer representing more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables.

On account of adoption of IND AS 109, the Group uses ECL model to assess the impairment loss or gain. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the ECL allowance for trade receivables.

Expected Credit Loss for Trade receivables under simplified approach

(₹ in Million)

	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Gross Carrying Amount	2,821.19	2,615.49
Average Expected loss on Trade Receivables	34.59	50.39
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	2,786.60	2,565.10

b) Financial instruments

Credit risk arising from investment in mutual funds, bonds, debentures, preference shares, derivative financial instruments and other balances with banks is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are banks and recognised financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by the national and international credit rating agencies.

ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Group may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. Group's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. Group closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including overdraft from banks at an optimised cost.

Group aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents and other highly marketable debt investments at an amount required to meet expected cash outflows on financial liabilities over foreseeable future.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

The table below analysis derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

(₹ in Million)

	Carrying amount	Payable within 1 year	More than 1 years	Total
As at 31.03.2023				
Non-derivative liabilities				
Non-Current Borrowings	555.96	Nil	555.96	555.96
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	109.24	Nil	109.24	109.24
Current Borrowings	2,232.77	2,232.77	Nil	2,232.77
Trade Payables	2,354.68	2,354.68	Nil	2,354.68
Other Current Financial Liabilities	4,940.61	4,940.61	Nil	4,940.61
Derivative Liabilities				
Forward Exchange Contracts	3.34	Nil	3.34	3.34
As at 31.03.2022				
Non-derivative liabilities				
Non-Current Borrowings	2,588.70	Nil	2,588.70	2,588.70
Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities	109.24	Nil	109.24	109.24
Current Borrowings	1,274.55	1,274.55	Nil	1,274.55
Trade Payables	2,692.59	2,692.59	Nil	2,692.59
Other Current Financial Liabilities	4,879.24	4,879.24	Nil	4,879.24

iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes borrowings, investments, trade payables, trade receivables, loans and derivative financial instruments.

Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. Group uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts & options to manage its exposures to foreign exchange fluctuations, as per foreign exchange exposure policy adopted by the Group.

The sensitivity analysis have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant.

The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of post-employment benefit obligations, provisions and on the non-financial assets and liabilities.

The sensitivity of the relevant income statement item is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as of 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

a) Foreign Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The currencies in which these transactions are primarily denominated are US dollars, EURO and GBP.

Consequently the Company uses both derivative instruments i.e. foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in respect of its highly probable forecasted transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.

At any point in time, Group covers foreign currency risk by taking appropriate hedges as a percentage of its foreign currency exposure, in accordance with the policy as approved by the Board. Group uses forward exchange contracts to mitigate its currency risk, most with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date. In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, Company's policy is to ensure that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies through Swaps and Forwards.

The Group also enters into derivative contracts in order to hedge and manage its foreign currency exposures towards future export earnings and future import payments. Such derivative contracts are entered into by the Group for hedging purposes only and are accordingly classified as cash flow hedge.

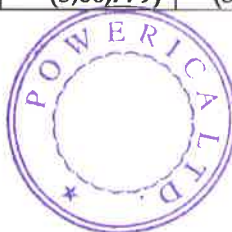
Following is the derivative financial instruments to hedge the foreign currency rate risk:

Category	Instrument	Currency	Cross Currency	(Amount in Million)		
				31.03.2023	31.03.2022	Buy/Sell
Hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions	Forward contract	USD	INR	USD 9.08	USD 46.20	Sell
		USD	INR	USD 0.88	USD 39.39	Buy

The Company has not entered into foreign currency forward contract for purposes other than hedging.

The following table analyses unhedged foreign currency risk from financial instruments as of 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022:

Particulars	Foreign Currency Denomination	Foreign Currency Amount		Indian Rupees equivalent in Million	
		31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Assets :					
Trade Receivables	USD	18,09,729	14,85,200	148.71	112.57
Liabilities :					
Trade Payables	USD	2,36,002	1,000	19.39	0.08
Other Payables	EURO	26,04,000	26,04,000	232.91	219.31
	GBP	3,66,779	3,66,779	37.28	36.48
Net Statement of financial position exposure	USD	18,09,729	14,84,200	148.71	112.49
	EURO	(26,04,000)	(26,04,000)	(232.91)	(219.31)
	GBP	(3,66,779)	(3,66,779)	(37.28)	(36.48)



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

For the year ended 31st March, 2023 and year ended 31st March, 2022 every percentage point depreciation / appreciation in the exchange rate between the Indian Rupee and respective currencies has affected the Group's incremental profit before tax as below:

Particulars	(₹ in Million)			
	31.03.2023		31.03.2022	
	Change in currency exchange rate	Effect on profit before tax	Change in currency exchange rate	Effect on profit before tax
US Dollars (USD)	+ 5%	7.44	+ 5%	5.62
	- 5%	(7.44)	- 5%	(5.62)
EURO	+ 5%	(11.65)	+ 5%	(10.97)
	- 5%	11.65	- 5%	10.97
GBP	+ 5%	(1.86)	+ 5%	(1.82)
	- 5%	1.86	- 5%	1.82

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial assets or borrowings because of fluctuations in the interest rates if such assets/borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings is as follows:

Particulars	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Non-Current Borrowings (including Current maturities of long-term debt)		
Fixed Rate Borrowings	871.00	1,101.00
Variable Rate Borrowings	1,906.73	2,762.25
	2,777.73	3,863.25

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate borrowings at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect the profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 0.25 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have impacted profit before tax as below.

Particulars	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Increase in interest rate by 0.25 %	4.77	6.91
Decrease in interest rate by 0.25 %	(4.77)	(6.91)

The risk estimates provided assume a change of 0.25 basis points interest rate for the interest rate benchmark as applicable to the borrowings summarized above. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

c) Other Price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. Other price risk for the Group arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, liquid mutual funds, debt mutual funds and bonds.

The Group is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments in debt mutual funds, equity instruments, debentures and bonds recognised at FVTPL. As at 31st March, 2023, the carrying value of such debt mutual funds, equity instruments, debentures and bonds recognised at FVTPL amounts to ₹ 3,833.00 million (Pr. Yr. ₹ 2,419.58 million). The details of such investments in debt mutual funds, equity instruments, debentures and bonds are given in Notes 8 and 14.

Investments in Debentures, Bonds and Debt Mutual Funds, being debt instruments, the exposure to risk of changes in market rates is minimal.

49. Disclosures as required IND AS 115 are given below

Disaggregation of revenue

Revenue based on Geography

Region	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Within India		
Maharashtra	6,181.10	4,491.89
Tamilnadu	6,713.62	3,033.38
Karnataka	2,419.76	2,128.78
Gujarat	4,425.37	2,757.38
Others	3,503.90	2,099.73
Outside India		
Nigeria	10.79	0.27
Dubai	242.58	118.37
Philippines	33.64	216.48
Tanzania	68.46	Nil
Others	183.37	29.51
Total	23,782.59	14,875.79

Revenue based on Products

Products	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Diesel Generating Sets	16,849.51	10,863.07
Sale of Electricity	2,030.58	1,975.13
Others	4,902.50	2,037.59
Total	23,782.59	14,875.79

Changes in contract assets as follows:

Particulars	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	73.71	55.80
Revenue Recognised during the year	2,554.81	306.79
Invoice raised during the year	(2,419.03)	(436.30)
Balance at the end of the year	209.49	73.71



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

Changes in Unearned and deferred revenue are as follows:

Particulars	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	193.34	209.00
Revenue Recognised that was included in the unearned and deferred revenue at the beginning of the period	(15.17)	(19.35)
Increase due to invoicing during the year, excluding amount recognised as revenue during the year	95.06	3.69
Balance at the end of the year	273.23	193.34

While disclosing the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognised as revenue towards unsatisfied (or partially) satisfied performance obligations, along with the broad time band for the expected time to recognize those revenues, the Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115. Accordingly, the Company has not disclosed the aggregate transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations which pertain to contracts where revenue recognised corresponds to the value transferred to customer typically involving time and material and outcome based contracts.

50. Hedge Accounting:

The Company's risk management policy is to hedge its estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of highly probable forecast sales and purchases over the following 12-48 months. The Company uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its currency risk. Such contracts are generally designated as cash flow hedges.

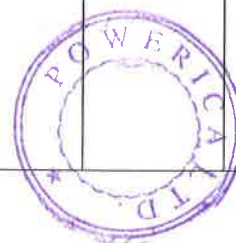
The forward exchange contracts are denominated in the same currency as the highly probable forecast sales and purchases, therefore the hedge ratio is 1:1. These contracts have a maturity of 12-48 months from the reporting date. The Group's policy is for the critical terms of the forward exchange contracts to align with the hedged item.

The Company determines the existence of economic relationships between the hedging instrument and hedged item based on the currency, amount and timing of their respective cash flows. The Company assess whether the derivative designated in each hedging relationships is expected to be and has been effective in offsetting changes in the cash flow of hedged item using the hypothetical derivative method.

In these hedge relationships, changes in timing of the hedge transactions are the main source of hedge ineffectiveness.

a Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial position

(₹ in Million)									
As at 31.03.2023									
Type of hedge & risks	Nominal Value (in USD mn)	Carrying amount of hedging instrument		Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Maturity Date	Hedge Ratio	Weighted Average Strike Price/ Rate	Changes in fair value of the hedging Instrument	Changes in the value of hedged item used as the basis for recognizing hedge effectiveness
		Assets	Liabilities						
Cash Flow Hedge	9.08 Bought, 0.88 Sold	Nil	3.34	Liability - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Liabilities	April 2023 - July, 2025	1:1	84.06	(3.34)	(3.34)



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

As at 31.03.2022									
Type of hedge & risks	Nominal Value (in USD mn)	Carrying amount of hedging instrument		Line item in the statement of financial position where the hedging instrument is included	Maturity Date	Hedge Ratio	Weighted Average Strike Price/ Rate	Changes in fair value of the hedging Instrument	Changes in the value of hedged item used as the basis for recognizing hedge effectiveness
		Assets	Liabilities						
Cash Flow Hedge	46.20 Bought, 39.39 Sold	9.87	Nil	Assets - Other Current and Non-Current Financial Assets	April 2022 - July, 2025	1:1	77.76	9.87	9.87

b. Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial performance

(₹ in Million)

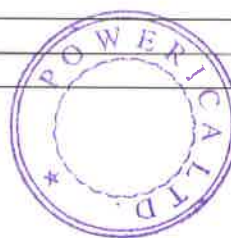
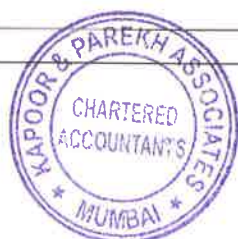
As at 31.03.2023						
	Change in the value of the instrument recognized in OCI	Hedge ineffectiveness recognized in profit or (loss)	Line item in the statement of profit or loss that includes the hedge ineffectiveness	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or (loss)	Line item affected in statement of profit or loss because of the reclassification	
Cash Flow Hedge	(3.34)	Nil	NA	(6.42)	Other Income	

As at 31.03.2022						
	Change in the value of the instrument recognized in OCI	Hedge ineffectiveness recognized in profit or (loss)	Line item in the statement of profit or loss that includes the hedge ineffectiveness	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or (loss)	Line item affected in statement of profit or loss because of the reclassification	
Cash Flow Hedge	9.87	Nil	NA	3.24	Other Income	

c. The following table provides reconciliation by risk category of components of equity and analysis of OCI items, net of tax, resulting from cash flow hedge accounting:

(₹ in Million)

Movements in cash flow hedging reserve	
Balance as at 1 st April, 2021	(3.24)
Add: Changes in fair value of the effective portion of outstanding cash flow derivative (net of settlement)	9.87
Less: Amounts re-classified to profit or loss	3.24
Less: Deferred tax	(3.45)
As at 31st March, 2022	6.42
Add: Changes in fair value of the effective portion of outstanding cash flow derivative (net of settlement)	(3.34)
Less: Amounts re-classified to profit or loss	(6.42)
Less: Deferred tax	1.17
As at 31st March, 2023	(2.17)



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

51. Related Party Disclosures as required by Ind AS 24 are given below

i) List of Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

a) Category I: Associate

Airpower Windfarms Private Limited

b) Category II : Directors, Key Management Personnel and their Relatives:

Mr. Naresh Oberoi	Chairman & Managing Director
Mr. Bharat Oberoi	Joint Managing Director
Ms. Renu Oberoi	Whole Time Director
Mr. Pradeep Gupta	Whole Time Director
Mrs Komal Nagdev	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer (upto 04.04.2022)
Mr. Vijay Kumar	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 01.04.2020 and upto 31.03.2022)
Mr. Manish Agrawal	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 01.09.2022)
Mrs. Anita Renuse	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer (w.e.f. 01.09.2022)
Mr. Jai Ram Oberoi	Relative of Key Management Personnel
Mr. Kabir Sachin Mehra	Relative of Key Management Personnel

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Ghanshyam Dass (upto 31.03.2022)

Mr. Krishen Dev (upto 31.03.2022)

Mr. Prakash Gurav (upto 31.03.2022)

Mr. Shailesh Vaidya

Mr. Maheshwar Sahu

Mr. Udaya Jena (w.e.f. 24.06.2022)

c) Category III : Enterprise over which persons covered under Category II above are able to exercise significant control:

Art Yarn Exports (India) Private Limited

AWT Energy Private Limited

Powerica Generators Limited Liability Partnership

Mintage

d) Category IV: Post-Employment Benefits planned entity:

Powerica Limited employees group gratuity assurance trust



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

ii) Transactions during the year with related parties:

		(₹ in Million)	
Category	Transactions	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Associate	Interest Income	18.10	21.82
	Loan Repaid	215.47	92.32
	Loan Given	35.60	23.84
	Expenses Incurred, Re-imbursed to us	3.64	0.26
	Rent Income	0.09	0.09
	Investment made during the year	273.75	Nil
	Services Rendered	20.80	34.45
	Share of Profit (Loss)	(141.92)	(3.24)
	Outstanding as at the year-end:		
	Receivables	Nil	49.63
	Investments	109.52	1.25
	Loan Given	Nil	179.87
	Corporate guarantees issued by the Company to the bankers of significant control entities	Nil	50.00
Directors, Management Personnel and their Relatives	Key Director Sitting Fees & Commission	0.72	1.10
	Dividend Paid	Nil	96.49
	Interest Income	Nil	0.71
	Loan Received	11.00	Nil
	Loan Repaid	2.08	6.63
	Sale of Property	Nil	155.25
	Remuneration		
	Post-Employment Benefits	0.28	0.78
	Short Term Employment Benefits	216.37	107.74
	Outstanding as at the year- end:		
	Loan Received	11.00	Nil
	Loan Given	Nil	2.08
	Enterprise over which persons covered under Category II above are able to exercise significant control	Expenses Incurred, Re-imbursed to us	0.01
Rent Income		3.19	1.98
Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments		0.50	Nil
Services Received		1.40	Nil
Outstanding as at the year-end:			
Payables		0.43	Nil
Receivables		0.01	Nil
Post-Employment Benefits planned entity	Contributions made to Group Gratuity Trust through premium paid to LIC	11.06	19.10
	Outstanding as at the year-end:		
	Receivables	1.41	2.33

Terms and Conditions of transactions with related parties

Group has completed an independent evaluation for all transactions, for the year ended 31.03.2023 and for the year ended 31.03.2022 to determine whether the transactions with associate enterprises are undertaken at arm's length price based on the internal pricing review and validation, Group believes that all transaction with associated enterprises are in the ordinary course of the business and on arm's length basis.

For the year ended 31.03.2023 and for the year ended 31.03.2022 the Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

Disclosure of transactions between Group and Related Parties during the year which are more than 1% of Revenue

There were no transactions between Group and Related Parties during the year which are more than 1% of Revenue

52. Income Taxes:

a) Tax Expense Recognised in Profit and Loss:

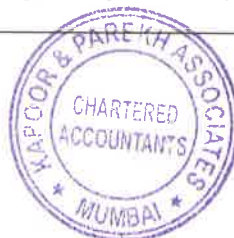
	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Current Tax Expense for the year	332.79	121.85
MAT Credit Entitlement	(325.45)	(118.03)
Deferred tax expense/(benefit), net		
Origination and reversal of timing difference	573.27	181.49
	580.61	185.31
Adjustment for current tax of prior years	(0.65)	11.22
MAT Credit Entitlement of prior years	218.60	190.16
Tax Expense for the year	798.56	386.69

b) Tax Expense Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:		
The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	4.62	(3.45)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years:		
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefits plans	3.21	(1.80)
Total	7.83	(5.25)

c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate:

	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Profit Before Tax	1,861.51	584.19
Domestic Tax Rate	34.944 %	34.944 %
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	650.49	204.14
Tax Effect Of:		
Expenses not deductible	6.99	6.26
Exemption of Profit Linked Incentive	(79.99)	Nil
Current Year losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognised	49.82	8.27
Income not taxable	(45.34)	(9.85)
Others	(1.36)	(23.51)
Current and Deferred Tax Expense (excluding prior year taxes) as per note 52(a)	580.61	185.31



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

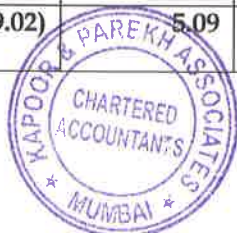
d) Movement in Deferred Tax Balances:

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Net balance as on 01.04.2022	Effect of Common Control Transaction	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Net balance as on 31.03.2023	Deferred Tax Asset	Deferred Tax Liability
Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)							
Property, Plant and equipment	(1,598.14)	-	(554.47)	-	(2,152.61)	-	(2,152.61)
Gain on Financial Instruments at fair value through profit & loss	(48.61)	-	16.21	-	(32.40)	-	(32.40)
Leave Encashment	14.52	-	1.58	-	16.10	16.10	-
Bonus	15.15	-	2.72	-	17.87	17.87	-
Gratuity	-	-	3.62	-	3.62	3.62	-
MAT Credit Entitlement	763.20	-	106.84	-	870.04	870.04	-
Unabsorbed Depreciation	159.29	-	(43.48)	-	115.81	115.81	-
Others	10.06	-	0.56	7.83	18.45	18.45	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)	(684.53)	-	(466.42)	7.83	(1,143.12)	1,041.89	(2,185.01)

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Net balance as on 01.04.2021	Effect of Common Control Transaction	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Net balance as on 31.03.2022	Deferred Tax Asset	Deferred Tax Liability
Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)							
Property, Plant and equipment	(1,392.68)	0.40	(205.86)	-	(1,598.14)	-	(1,598.60)
Gain on Financial Instruments at fair value through profit & loss	(42.80)	-	(5.81)	-	(48.61)	-	(48.61)
Leave Encashment	14.65	-	(0.13)	-	14.52	14.52	-
Bonus	1.03	0.32	13.80	-	15.15	15.15	-
Re- measurement gains(losses) on defined benefit plans	(1.64)	-	-	(1.80)	(3.44)	-	(3.44)
MAT Credit Entitlement	831.13	4.20	(72.13)	-	763.20	763.20	-
Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	1.75	-	(1.75)	(3.45)	(5.20)	-	(5.20)
Unabsorbed Depreciation	150.25	-	9.04	-	159.29	159.29	-
Others	9.29	0.17	9.23	-	18.70	18.70	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)	(429.02)	5.09	(253.62)	(5.25)	(684.53)	970.86	(1,655.39)



POWERICA LIMITED

NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

53. Investment in an associate

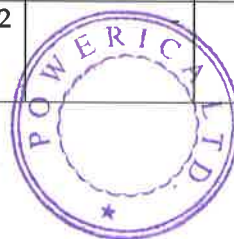
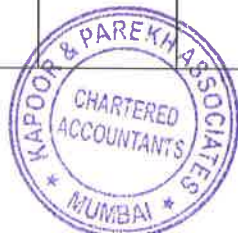
The Company has a 50% interest in Airpower Windfarms Private Limited which is involved in to organise, undertake, layout, develop, construct, build, erect, demolish, re-erect, alter, repair, re-model wind projects in India on behalf of clients as well as on its own and related infrastructure development. The Company's interest in Airpower Windfarms Private Limited is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. The following table illustrates the summarized financial information of the Company's investment in Airpower Windfarms Private Limited.

Description	(₹ in Million)	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Current Assets	29.12	30.20
Non-Current Assets	189.34	373.38
Current Liabilities	0.67	449.46
Equity	217.79	-45.88
Proportion of Group's ownership	50 %	50 %
Carrying amount of investment	109.52	-

Description	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Revenue	7.06	274.80
Direct Expenses	Nil	269.19
Employee Benefit Expenses	0.01	0.46
Finance Costs	11.60	11.10
Depreciation & Impairment Expense	233.05	0.01
Other Expenses	46.32	0.44
Profit Before Tax	-283.92	-6.40
Group's share of loss for the year	-141.92	-3.24

54. Additional information as required by Part III of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013:

Particulars	Net assets, i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share of Profit		Share of Other Comprehensive Income		Share of Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	₹ in million	As % of consolidated net profit	₹ in million	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	₹ in million	As % of total comprehensive income	₹ in million
Parent								
Powerica Limited	100.63	8,008.07	106.37	1,130.61	100.00	-8.15	106.41	1,122.46
Indian Subsidiaries								
Paramount Windfarms Private Limited	0.09	7.30	-0.02	-0.24	-	-	-0.02	-0.24
Vartaman Wind Energy Private Limited	0.03	2.24	0.05	0.55	-	-	0.05	0.55
Airstream Windfarms Private Limited	0.01	0.13	-0.04	-0.40	-	-	-0.04	-0.40
Foreign Subsidiary								
Powerica Power Systems (FZE)	1.00	79.87	6.99	74.35	-	-	7.05	74.35
Associate								
Airpower Windfarm Private Limited	-1.38	-109.52	-13.35	-141.92	-	-	-13.45	-141.92



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

Total Eliminations/ Consolidation Adjustments	-0.38	-30.04	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.00	7,958.05	100.00	1,062.95	100.00	-8.15	100.00	1,054.80

55. Relationship with Struck Off Companies :

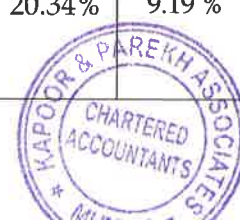
(₹ in Million)

Name of the struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Transactions during the year 31st March, 2023	Balance outstanding as at 31st March, 2023	Balance outstanding as at 31st March, 2022	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
Ghandat Power Project Developers Private Limited	Receivables	Nil	15.60	15.60	Vendor

56. Ratios

Key financial ratios along with the details of significant changes (25% or more) in compared to previous year is as follows:

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous Year	Variance
Current Ratio (in times)	Total Current Assets	Total Current Liabilities	0.83	0.82	1.96%
Debt-Equity Ratio (in times) (1)	Debt consists of borrowings and lease liabilities	Total Equity	0.35	0.56	-37.34%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-Cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortisations, gain on investments + Interest + Other Non-Cash Adjustments like loss on sale of property, plant and equipment's etc.	Debt Service=Interest and lease payments + Principal Repayments	0.92	1.18	-22.29%
Return on Equity Ratio (in %) (2)	Profit for the Year less Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Total Equity	14.19%	2.89 %	391.81%
Inventory Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations from Manufactured Goods and Stock-in-Trade	Average Inventory	10.96	10.02	9.35%
Trade Receivables turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	9.17	7.67	19.46%
Trade Payables turnover Ratio (in times)	Cost of Raw Materials Consumed and Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	Average Trade Payables	6.24	5.44	14.64%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in times) (2)	Revenue from Operations	Average Working Capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	-12.59	-7.37	70.86%
Net Profit Ratio (in %) (2)	Profit for the Year	Revenue from Operations	4.44%	1.39 %	218.29%
Return on Capital Employed (in %) (2)	Profit before tax and finance cost	Capital Employed = Networth + Debt + Deferred Tax Liabilities	20.34%	9.19 %	121.37%



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

Details of significant changes

- 1) Due to increase in debt service amount during the year due to prepayment of borrowings amounting to ₹ 1,653.16 million, this ratio is low.
 - 2) Primarily due to increase in revenue from operations, the operating profits are high, these ratios are not comparable.
57. The Group has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts (including derivative contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable loss. At the year end, the Group has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law/accounting standard for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts (including derivative contracts) has been made in the books of accounts.
58. The Holding Company has a Working Capital limit of ₹ 5,395.00 million from Citi Bank, HDFC Bank, BNP Paribas Bank, Standard Chartered Bank and Kotak Mahindra Bank, comprising of Fund-based limits of ₹ 2,080.00 million and Non-fund based limits of ₹ 5,265.00 million. The quarterly returns/ statements read with subsequent revisions filed by the Holding Company with the banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Holding Company for the respective period, which were not subject to audit. Further, the Holding Company has not availed its fund based limits against such current assets at any time during the year.
59. Other Statutory Informations as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III:
- a) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
 - b) The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company.
 - c) The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
 - d) During the year, the Group has not surrendered or disclosed any income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961). Accordingly, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of accounts.
 - e) The Group is not declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on willful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
 - f) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
 - i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - g) The Group has not received any funds from any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - h) The Company has complied with the requirements of the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
 - i) The Group has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) during the year.



POWERICA LIMITED
NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

60. Previous year's figures have been re-grouped / re-classified to conform to those of the current year.

Signatures to Note 1 to Note 60

For Kapoor & Parekh Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104893W


Nilesch Parekh
Partner
Membership No. 033528



For and on behalf of the Board


Naresh C. Oberoi
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00009000


Bharat Oberoi
Whole Time Director
DIN: 00083664


Manish Agarwal
Chief Financial Officer
A123764


Anita Renuse
Company Secretary
ACS 25102



Mumbai, 29th August, 2023